**Московский государственный университет имени М.В. Ломоносова**

**Факультет иностранных языков и регионоведения**

**Факультет политологии**

**Социологический факультет**

**Философский факультет**

**XI Межфакультетская научно-практическая студенческая конференция**

**на английском языке**

**«Гуманитарные проблемы современного общества»**

**(8 - 13 ноября 2021 года)**

**в онлайн формате**

**на платформе Zoom**

**ТЕЗИСЫ КОНФЕРЕНЦИИ**

Организатор: Кафедра английского языка для гуманитарных факультетов факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова

Программный комитет:

Молчанова Галина Георгиевна (председатель) – д.ф.н., профессор, декан факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения, зав. кафедрой лингвистики, перевода и межкультурной коммуникации факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

Тер-Минасова Светлана Григорьевна – д.ф.н., профессор, президент факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

Полубиченко Лидия Валериановна – д.ф.н., профессор, зав. кафедрой английского языка для естественных факультетов факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

Сафонова Виктория Викторовна – д.п.н., профессор кафедры лингвистики, перевода и межкультурной коммуникации факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

Козырев Алексей Павлович – к.ф.н., доцент, и.о. декана философского факультета МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

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Бронников Иван Алексеевич – к.п.н, доцент, зам. декана по научной работе факультета политологии МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

Каневский Павел Сергеевич – к.п.н., доцент, зам. декана по научной работе социологического факультета МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

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Организационный комитет:

Кочетова Мария Германовна (председатель) – к.ф.н., доцент, зав. кафедрой английского языка для гуманитарных факультетов факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

Перцев Евгений Михайлович – к.ф.н., доцент кафедры английского языка для гуманитарных факультетов факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

Рассошенко Жаннетта Викторовна – старший преподаватель кафедры английского языка для гуманитарных факультетов факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

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Сергиенко Полина Игоревна – к.ф.н., преподаватель кафедры английского языка для гуманитарных факультетов факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

Шмараева Анастасия Александровна – преподаватель кафедры английского языка для гуманитарных факультетов факультета иностранных языков и регионоведения МГУ имени М.В. Ломоносова.

ПЛЕНАРНОЕ ЗАСЕДАНИЕ

**10 ноября 2021 г. начало: 12.00**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Руководитель: Кочетова Мария Германовна**

**1. Budaragina, Liudmila/ Бударагина Людмила**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The specifics of the influence of American international corporations on international relations/ Специфика влияния американских транснациональных корпораций на международные отношения**

International corporations are constantly gaining a huge power compared to national states. The more strong multinational corporations a state has, the more leverage pressure it experiences. 5 out of 10 strongest multinational corporations have been founded in the United States of America and this is the reason why America’s foreign intentions are determined by the economic interests of corporations. It results in changes in the field of foreign US politics. This is the issue considered in the speech.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**2. Ivanova, Tatiana/ Иванова Татьяна**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Two types of conceptualizing the androgyne symbol in myths/ Два типа концептуализации символа андрогина в мифах**

This paper focuses on the concept of androgyne in myths, where it appears as: 1) an indivisible unity that contains all possible opposites; and 2) the dynamic unity of two opposing sources. The androgyne symbol points to a person’s thirst for the beyond and the harmony of being. In ritual practices a person achieves an ecstatic state of power and fullness, before splitting into subject and object, male and female, and other binary oppositions.

Консультант по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна

**3. Kazyulin, Vadim/ Казюлин Вадим**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Origins of modern western ethics/ Происхождение этики современного западного общества**

Modern western society is built upon several pillars among which human equality and human rights are some of the most important. Those ethical principles have been forming the development of European countries for several centuries and are currently being asserted as basis for universal human ethics. However, they are far from universal, both in geography and in history. This presentation shares the results of my study into the historical origins of European ethics and their evolution from the primitive forms of tribal taboo into modern legislative acts. As well as their potential as a basis of universal ethics.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**4. Kochan, Julius/ Кочан Джулиус**

BA, University of Cambridge, Modern and Medieval Languages; MPhil, University of Oxford, Modern Chinese Studies

**Language as fingerprint: a personal semiotics/ Язык как отражение личности: взгляд на семиотику**

This talk will examine a new function of language: language as fingerprint. The specific way that each subject uses language is unique: we have individualised pronunciation, diction, syntax, etc. So far, this aspect of language - which I shall call its dactylogramic function - has received most attention in the context of forensic science, where linguists analyse spoken and written utterances to identify the perpetrators of crimes. What I will look at in this paper is how an awareness of the dactylogramic function of language can expand the semiosphere and add an additional dimension to our understanding of words.

**5. Khatkevich, Alexandra/ Хаткевич Александра**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Science diplomacy within international associations: the role in solving global and regional issues/ Научная** **дипломатия в рамках международных объединений: роль в решении глобальных и региональных проблем**

The purpose of this research is to reveal the role of science diplomacy in solving global and regional issues. The relevance of the topic is related with the trends towards the emergence and conceptualization of new diplomacy types emergence. This paper considers the experience of science diplomacy implementation by several international associations and allows to study existing mechanisms and institutions of this process. The concept, dimensions and forms of science diplomacy are considered in the study. A political and legal analysis of certain international associations’ (BRICS, the EU, the UNIDIR, the UNITAR, the UNU) documents is undertaken within the research. The results of some multilateral science diplomacy cases are analyzed. An attempt is made by the author to outline the significance of these results for solving global and regional problems and for countries' foreign policy.

Консультант по английскому языку: Яковлева Ирина Олеговна

**6. Pakhomova, Anna/ Пахомова Анна**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The cult of snake worship and its role in cultural and religious life of ancient India/ Культ змеи и его роль в культурной и религиозной жизни древней Индии**

In this research, the topic of snake worship in Ancient India is discussed, considering its deep emphasis on the cultural and religious life of Ancient India. The serpent figure remains one of the most controversial and mysterious symbols in the universal mythology, especially of the East. A thorough analysis of the topic may shed light on the entire cluster of demonic and divine entities that play a significant role in Hinduism.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

ФАКУЛЬТЕТ ПОЛИТОЛОГИИ

**Секция 1**

**8 ноября 2021, понедельник 13.00-14.30**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущие: Долгушина Любовь, Сергиенко Софья**

**1. Aleshina Ekaterina/ Алёшина Екатерина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Political memes as an instrument of electoral struggle/ Политические мемы как инструмент электоральной борьбы**

The emergence of new information technologies is transforming all social, economic and political processes. The rapid development of social networks is forcing politicians to use new means and techniques of political struggle for votes. Memes are a popular and effective element of political struggle. It is used not only to increase the loyalty of a politician's voters, but also as a tool to fight against his opponents. Often, Internet memes are created by the users themselves and act as a platform for expressing the political opinion of a certain group of the population. The research is aimed at identifying the main features of an Internet-meme and analyzing its effectiveness. For this purpose a study of a number of political campaigns has been undertaken. The conclusion of the research is that memes have great political potential and, if properly used, may play an important role in the political life of society.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**2. Gluhovtsev Grigory/ Глуховцев Григорий**

Faculty of Political science/ Факультет политологии

**Green energy management: an analysis of current benefits and drawbacks/ Зеленая энергетика сегодня: плюсы и минусы**

According to various expert estimations, nonrenewable resources could run out within 50-150 years. It is a significant problem for all humanity. Thus, scientists began to search for an alternative source of energy. As a result, there are different types of generators of renewable energy today: solar power plants, wind power plants, wave power plants, etc. Some countries and even large companies have started to switch to new technologies and use green energy to overcome air pollution as well. However, there are controversial opinions on benefits of renewable energy use. This study attempts to analyse the advantages and disadvantages of using alternative sources of energy.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**3. Dolgushina Lyubov, Sergienko Sophya/ Долгушина Любовь, Сергиенко Софья**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The influence of Brexit on the gender question in the United Kingdom/ Влияние Брексита на гендерный вопрос в Соединенном Королевстве**

Brexit has been one of the most discussed topics for the past few years. There are plenty of debates about economic and political side effects of this issue for the United Kingdom. Nevertheless, gender question is poorly covered in these discussions. According to Women’s Budget Group (WBG) Brexit will “hit women in a crucial way”. The study is aimed to analyse consequences of Brexit that have a huge impact on women’s agenda. The study emphasizes potential negative effects on political, social and economic spheres of woman’s life.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**4. Kizyakovskiy Georgiy/ Кизяковский Георгий**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет Политологии

**The theory of “Protest Publics” as a new approach to the study of mass civil protests/ Теория “Protest Publics” как новый подход в изучении массовых гражданских протестов**

Unlike social movement theory and civil society theory, the theory of protest publics has a broad capacity to explain undisclosed dimensions of social movement in current realities. Particularly, this analysis examines the process of protest movements in detail. Furthermore, this concept can be applied to analyse different societies with different cultures in terms of political transition or stability frames. Moreover, it is conditions of success and failure of social movements that is an indisputable advantage of the theory. This theory will be of high interest to international relations specialists, political scientists and social scientists.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**5. Stepanchenko Danil/ Степанченко Данил**

Faculty of Political Science/Факультет политологии

**An analysis of UN policy on resolving the conflict between Serbia and Kosovo/ Анализ политики ООН по разрешению конфликта между Сербией и Косово**

Despite the process of globalization and political integration that has been developing in the 21st century, our modern world still cannot avoid ethnic conflicts. One of them is the confrontation between Serbia and Kosovo, which has increasingly drawn the international community’s attention since the 1990s. Reconciling the parties remains an essential point in the diplomacy of world superpowers and global organizations, particularly the United Nations, Russia, and the USA. The paper analyzes its origins, measures that the UN has taken to establish a dialogue between two nations and focuses on some problems that are yet to be resolved.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**6. Tukhvatullin Ruslan, Khovrina Margarita/ Тухватуллин Руслан, Ховрина Маргарита**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Development of international relations systems and their influence on the current state of world politics/ Влияние развития систем международных отношений на современное состояние мировой политики**

The research is devoted to the description and historical analysis of international relations systems. The paper describes the main features of each system and the period in which they existed. The analysis of the historical context of international relations makes it possible to identify the similarities and differences of each of the systems under consideration. As a result, certain patterns of modern international relations have been identified and assumptions made about the future development of relations on the world stage.

Консультанты по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна, Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**Секция 2**

**8 ноября 2021, понедельник 13.00-14.30**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущие: Карасева Элина, Роговец Роман**

**1.  Fomicheva Yulia/ Фомичева Юлия**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The influence of politicians’ literacy on their professional performance/ Влияние образованности политиков на их профессиональные достижения**

This study focuses on the role of education and literacy in politician’s performance. The aim of the talk is to show the impact of literacy on what is happening in certain countries and how illiteracy affects the lives of citizens, whose governments are not interested in the development of literacy and education. Also, this study tells how literacy affects both an ordinary person and a person engaged in politics, as well as how illiteracy affects the delay in the development of the population. The author analyses the cases of developing and developed countries, which allow to draw certain conclusions. The results of the investigation testify to the fact that, the higher the education level of the politicians’ in the country, the more concerned they are about the role of education and literacy for the prosperity of the state. Accordingly, the higher the concern of the politicians in the literacy of the country's population, the better its welfare and position on the world stage.

Консультанты по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна, Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**2. Kalinina Ekaterina/ Калинина Екатерина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Conflict resolution strategies: a case study of Russian media industry/ Стратегии разрешения конфликтов в Российской медиа-индустрии**

The study considers the understanding of the term “politics”, suggested by a political scientist Bernard Crick (1929-2008) as a method of resolving conflicts, aiming at Russian Media sources which provide evidence of using special strategies to preserve welfare. The main objective is to identify five conflict management strategies, such as Avoiding, Competing, Compromising, Accommodating, Collaborating, codified by conflict resolution experts Kenneth Thomas and Ralph Kilmann, in accordance with key human behaviors. Based on these strategies, much attention is given to broaden the scope of these approaches and look at some general matters such as behaviors of contemporary Russian celebrities in conflicts, focusing on the mentioned strategies. The results show the real cases of applying these five key behaviors in order to preserve well-being and survive in Russian Media sphere, illustrated by well-known artists. The findings suggest that these approaches are widely used nowadays and they can also have a practical relevance on the daily basis in real life.

Консультанты по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна, Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**3. Makhmudova Nika/ Махмудова Ника**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The impact of white pollution of the further development of the planet: a political perspective/ Влияние «белого загрязнения» на дальнейшее развитие планеты: политический аспект**

Political ecology is one of the many branches in the political sphere; this section includes three main problems: limited resources and their uneven distribution; the relationship between industrialization and environmental burden; and, finally, pollution and production waste. The presented talk highlights the topic of “white pollution”. To speak of its essence, we are to discuss the accumulation of plastic objects in the Earth's environment, which negatively affect wildlife and human habitat, in other words, the world ocean. The study aims to discuss the reasons for its emergence and the effects on people’s everyday life. The author suggests possible ways to stop this pollution and actions to meaningfully contribute to its resolution.

Консультанты по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна, Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**4. Bashkintseva Ekaterina, Kanygina Maria / Башкинцева Екатерина, Каныгина Мария**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The impact of digitalization on higher education in Russia due to the pandemic/ Влияние цифровизации на высшее образование в России в связи с пандемией**

Digitalization of higher education as a result of the pandemic is an urgent topic for discussion today. As part of our research on the transition to distance mode in Russian higher education institutions, we have studied information on the advantages and disadvantages of the digital transformation of education. The purpose of our research is to understand how online education has affected the quality of education. Having analyzed the situation, we identified several disadvantages of online education. These include: technical problems, sociological (lack of personal communication), deterioration of mental and physical health of students, increased workload of teachers. Among the advantages we note the emergence of great opportunities for academic mobility: communication of students with professors around the world, creation of international research groups.

Консультант по английскому языку: Дзгоева Ольга Муратовна

**5. Bondar Polina/ Бондарь Полина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Digital inequality in the modern world: a possibility of new feudalism/ Цифровое неравенство в современном мире: возможен ли новый феодализм?**

The paper focuses on a social inequality in the digital space. The study analyses the role of algorithms in building communication in society. The negative consequences of algorithms are considered in terms of the inequality of opportunities of subjects in their online activities and socially significant results that are achieved thereby. Moreover, the study shows various scientific perspectives on the ratio of people in the network (the concept of network feudal lords and peasants, netocracy, etc). The author considers the characteristics of a digital community that are dangerous for civil activism («slactivism», filter bubbles, inadequate access to algorithmic awareness).

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**6. Hekhlopochina Olesya, Morozova Daria / Нехлопочина Олеся, Морозова Дарья**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Threats to women’s rights in present-day Afghanistan: a socio-political analysis / Угрозы правам женщин в современном Афганистане: социо-политический аспект**

Afghanistan is a small country in Asia, much spoken about at present, due to the recent events. This study is devoted to the analysis of the political and military organisation of Taliban [1], formed in 1989, during the civil war in Afghanistan. The aim of the organisation was to build an Islamic country based on the laws of the Shariat. The plight of women was especially hard during the organisation’s rule. Girls were not allowed to attend schools, women could not walk outside unaccompanied by a man, etc. The regime collapsed in 2002, with the help of Western countries. However, it was not completely destroyed. Presently, they conquered the country back and after 20 years of civilised existence, Afgan women have again found themselves under pressure. The study aims to demonstrate how basic human rights are violated in regard to Afghan women.

[1] Организация, запрещенная в Российской Федерации

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**7. Isaeva Karina/ Исаева Карина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Ethnic Kurds issue in the Middle East region: a political perspective/ Проблема этнических курдов в ближневосточном регионе: политический аспект**

The Kurds are the largest ethnic group in the world, but they have no state of their own. Although the Kurdish issue has its own specifics, depending on the particular country in which representatives of the ethnic group (Syria / Iraq / Iran / Turkey) live, only a holistic analysis of the Kurdish movement provides a general picture of the possible Kurdish state aspirations, which occupies an increasingly important place on the international agenda. Thus, the talk is devoted to the study of the current state of the Kurdish issue in the Middle East. It examines the problem of the Kurds in ensuring regional stability and security in the Middle East, the state and dynamics of this problem, determines the main characteristics of the Kurdish issue, analyzes the prospects for the Kurds gaining political independence and the creation of their own national state.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**8. Kornienko Alexandra, Fetisova Sofia/ Корниенко Александра, Фетисова Софья**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Issues of corruption in Lebanon: a political analysis/ Вопросы коррупции в Ливане: политический анализ**

The study investigates the biggest corruption probe in the history of Lebanon’s energy sector, assessing allegations of multi – million dollar agreements, bribery, shipments of substandard oil imported to fuel its power station. Not long ago in Lebanon, the largest explosion thundered. This tragedy caused the economic and social crisis in the country. The study aims to investigate this incident in combination with proliferating corruption that could lead to a total collapse of once prosperous Lebanon.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**Секция 3**

**8 ноября 2021, понедельник 14.45-16.15**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущие: Карасева Элина, Роговец Роман**

**1. Autelli Jean-Mishel/ Отелли Жан-Мишель**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Humanizing education in the era of Covid-digitality/ Гуманизация образования в эпоху ковидных цифровых реалий**

The research into the current state of humanizing education is caused by the significant impact of the Covid-19 pandemic. The current situation has led many scholars to realize the nature of the changes that have been brought in education by the pandemic, especially – in making the era of digitality a nearer future. The research tries to find answers to questions that have generated enormous controversy in this context: What is the true nature of the changes? What are the perspectives? What should we and what shouldn’t we do in order to make the best out of the situation? The research reviews some controversial findings.

Консультант по английскому языку: Шмараева Анастасия Александровна

**2. Gavrish Daria/ Гавриш Дарья, Karaseva Elina / Карасева Элина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Language policy in Switzerland: theory and practice/ Языковая политика Швейцарии в теории и на практике**

Switzerland is often considered to be a successful multilingual state. Traditional Swiss «blend» includes French, German, Italian and Romansh languages, the first three of which were established as official spoken and written languages in 1848 and completed by the fourth in 1938. While federal linguistic policy manages to support the coexistence of four different languages, local governments tend to undergo contradictory attitudes in terms of Swiss multilinguistic «paradigm». As a result of political misunderstandings, Switzerland represents a quadrilingual state purely theoretically, whereas in reality the domination of German and French languages throughout the country takes place. Despite the Law on Languages, adopted in 2010 in order to enhance the role of Romansh language, the distribution of linguistic preferences inside the state is largely uneven. Thus, the gap between formal legislative prescriptions regarding the language policy and real executive practice in different regions is still far from being overcome or at least adequately reduced.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**3. Mikhalev Fedor, Schwarzmueller Varvara / Михалев Федор, Шварцмюллер Варвара**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Artificial Intelligence: а critical analysis of benefits and drawbacks/ Искусственный интеллект: критический анализ преимуществ и недостатков**

In recent years, there has been a boom in artificial intelligence technologies. The topic has become public knowledge. At the World Summit "AI for Good Global Summit", organized by the UN in cooperation with ITU, it was stated by the head of the organization: "Artificial Intelligence has the potential to accelerate progress towards a dignified life, in peace and prosperity, for all people." "The time has arrived for all of us – governments, industry and civil society – to consider how AI will affect our future”. At the same time, the task was set to ensure that the development of artificial intelligence would bring benefits to all mankind. Russian President Vladimir Putin also noted in this regard, who suggested that the country that advances further in the creation of artificial intelligence technologies will be able to conquer the world. The talk aims to show the essence of AI and analyse its strong and weak aspects.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**4. Nikolashina Liliya/ Николашина Лилия**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The impact of the pandemic on the mental health of young people: a comparative analysis of Russian and British research data/ Влияние пандемии на ментальное здоровье молодых людей: сравнительный анализ России и Великобритании**

The research deals with the study of coronavirus pandemic effects not only on the physical, but also on the mental health of people. As the recent data shows, the level of mental disorders continues to rise. Children and young people are especially susceptible to this, among whom one in four feels clinical symptoms of depression, and one in five experiences increased symptoms of anxiety, which is twice the pre-pandemic indicators. Unfortunately, the mental problems of young people are often underestimated. The research studies and analyses the data concerning the impact of the coronavirus pandemic on the mental health of young people in Russia and the UK, and possible solutions suggested to this problem. The study also contains a survey conducted among young people in Russia in order to explore what impact the pandemic had on their mental state. The research is aimed at drawing general attention to this problem and the importance of monitoring the psychological state of young people. Also, measures to prevent fatal outcomes and provide care to young people are being discussed.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**5. Pchelkina Tatyana, Ivanova Elizaveta/ Пчелкина Татьяна, Иванова Елизавета**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Identity crisis and the expansion of cultural boundaries in the era of globalization/ Кризис идентичности и расширение культурных границ в эпоху глобализации**

The research is devoted to the influence of the phenomenon of globalization on the socio-cultural space. The study shows that due to the collision of the plurality of cultural worlds, variability is initiated both in cultural systems and in the space of their interaction, which naturally generates a crisis of cultural identity.  Since we live in the so-called "media age”, in which the greatest influence on the postulated socio-cultural changes is attributed to the global media, the article analyzes the role of the media in the formation of collective and individual identity. The talk also touches on the topic of the crowding out of traditional values and the decline of the social and cultural influence of traditions. As a result, the conclusion is made about the scale of the real impact of globalization on self-identification.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**6. Resnitskiy Peter, Tkachenko Anastasiia/ Ресницкий Петр, Ткаченко Анастасия**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Peculiarities of the politician's image formation in the context of New Year's addresses of the presidents of Russia and Ukraine/ Особенности формирования имиджа политика в контексте предновогодних обращений на примере России и Украины**

The image of a politician is an integral part of the concept of a political figure. Thanks to political technologies it is possible to trace how politicians in general and presidents in particular with the help of New Year's addresses influence the mass consciousness, implement their political goals and shift the emphasis on this or that direction of the politician and how it is subsequently reflected on his perception by the society. This paper examines the addresses of the presidents of post-Soviet states such as Russia and Ukraine, and conducts a qualitative-quantitative content analysis, which allows the authors to consider the components of the image of presidents Putin and Zelensky, to draw conclusions on this basis and to give practical assessments.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**7. Sadjaya Luka/ Саджая Лука**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Environmental changes in the Arctic region: a case analysis/ Экологические изменения в арктическом регионе: анализ кейсов**

Climate change has become the most discussed topic of our time. In this regard, the Arctic region stands out, since the temperature here is rising 2-3 times faster than in the rest of the world, and the melting of permafrost and the disappearance of the Arctic ice cover are added to the global problems, which affects the climate of the entire planet. For Russia, this issue is of key importance, because 65% of the country's territory is located in the Far North. The task of this small research is to clearly prove and show that our climate is changing, and although it seemed to be somewhere far away,  in reality it is already affecting the environmental situation in the Russian and foreign Arctic.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**Секция 4**

**8 ноября 2021, понедельник 16.30-18.00**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Филимонова Елена**

**1. Denisov Nikolay, Panchenko Natalya/ Денисов Николай, Панченко Наталья**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The environmental agenda in the 2021 State Duma election campaign: a comparative analysis of election programmes/ Экологическая повестка в избирательной кампании в Государственную Думу 2021 года: сравнительный анализ предвыборных программ политических партий**

The paper focuses on the influence of the environmental agenda on the 2021 State Duma election campaign. The analysis performed highlights recent trends in Russian state policy concerning environmental issues and the extent to which a “green” agenda influences contemporary Russian society. The study examines differences in its perception compared to Western societies, defines the main factors influencing that perception and the way an environmental agenda is reflected in the 2021 State Duma election programs of the various political parties, regardless of their level of maturity. In addition, the paper presents a thorough analysis of the factors influencing the development of the environmental agenda in Russian politics.

Консультант по английскому языку: Дзгоева Ольга Муратовна

**2. Kuznetsova Valeriya, Minenko Ekaterina/ Кузнецова Валерия, Миненко Екатерина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The concept of “aura” in the work of V. Benjamin: a political and cultural analysis/ Понятие «ауры» в творчестве В. Беньямина в политическом и культурном контексте**

The processes of globalization and digitalization have led to the dissemination of information and its mass availability. As a result, the issue of preserving uniqueness in modern society has become more acute than ever. This topic has been widely covered in the works of the German philosopher Walter Benjamin. His concept of “aura” allows to understand the significance of mass culture and its influence not only on human consciousness, but also on the formation of political culture and identity. Without a doubt, the specifics of people’s perception of culture, natural phenomena and information have changed a lot in the last 50 years. W. Benjamin wrote his works in the conditions of the formation of fascist ideology. This fact explains the pessimistic conclusions about the influence of mass culture on society. Thus, one of the most pressing questions is whether the concept derived by W. Benyamin is relevant today. Despite the ongoing debate this issue, the “aura” of uniqueness and attempts to bring it closer are still inherent in society.  Particular interest in this case is a more thorough study of the adaptation of this concept to modern reality.

Консультант по английскому языку: Дзгоева Ольга Муратовна

**3. Pak Oleg/ Пак Олег**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**A modern perspective on progressive urbanism: a case study of Northern Chertanovo/ Северное Чертаново как пример прогрессивного городского развития**

Urbanization is thought to be one of the most powerful and inevitable processes in all countries of the world. The city is the most attractive socio-economic system of human habitation, however, the influence of the urban environment on the psychological state of residents can hardly be called positive. A number of researchers note that urban residents are more likely to have anxiety, phobias, apathy, depression, neuroses, unlike rural residents. The goal of the science “urbanistics” is to create a comfortable living environment for people to neutralize the negative impact of the metropolis. It is generally believed that the fashion for creating a comfortable environment came to us from Western countries, but few people know that Soviet urban planners also made efforts to create convenience for urban residents. The Northern Chertanovo microdistrict, where urban specialists tried to place everything necessary for a comfortable life, was selected for analysis purposes. The study highlights that it is in our power to preserve the experience of Soviet architects in order to create a comfortable urban environment where people will live happily.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**4. Sharoichenko Nataliia / Шаройченко Наталия**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Russian, American, and French experience in humanitarian aid in Syria: cooperation or rivalry?/ Опыт России, США и Франции в оказании гуманитарной помощи в Сирии: сотрудничество или соперничество?**

If one mentions the events in Syria in the 21st century, they will most definitely use the concept of Responsibility to Protect (R2P), indicating intervention to third states in order to prevent massive atrocities. Still, humanitarian aid during such interventions stays further from the main research and analytical focus. This research aims to analyze the balance of competition and cooperation in providing humanitarian aid in Syria by Russia, the US and France from 2017. The study is based on the neorealist paradigm, as it implies a strictly rational approach to the international system and sees R2P as an element of global order. It is concluded that there was surely room for cooperation for these states despite all differences in their policy and fundamental motives, however, each country maintained its own view on the situation and stayed true to its national interest, which complies with neorealism.

**5. Shirikova Inna/ Ширикова Инна**

Faculty of Political Science/Факультет политологии

**An analysis of problems and prospects of political opposition: a case study of Russia/ Анализ проблем и перспектив политической оппозиции в России**

The paper examines systemic and non-systemic opposition in Russia. The systemic opposition is present at all levels of government, including the State Duma. In contrast to the systemic opposition, the non-systemic opposition does not receive state funding, is represented only in a few authorities and can be found at some levels of government. In addition, not all representatives of the non-systemic opposition are members of, or affiliated with any political party. Moreover, various differences of opinion between the representatives often occur within the non-systemic opposition, while the systemic one does not have such disagreements. There is a view that the systemic opposition is controlled by the government, in diametric opposition to the non-systemic opposition. Therefore, the study analyses the nature of non-systemic opposition and the reasons for its fragmentation. It also includes the comparison with the systemic opposition, the challenges it faces, and what the future holds for the opposition in general.

Консультант по английскому языку: Дзгоева Ольга Муратовна

**6. Zinkov Nikita/ Зинков Никита**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Moral values in modern society: a study of the Russian youth/ Функционирование моральных ценностей в современном обществе на примере российской молодежи**

The main goal of the paper is to identify the main problems of the formation of values among young Russians in modern society. The study of life priorities and value orientations of the young generation is a highly relevant task, since it makes it possible to identify the level of stability of society and its readiness for further development. The formation of values and value orientations is the primary task of any society. Values represent personal moral and ethical limiters of behavior and, at the same time, motivators both for each individual and for the society as a whole. Unfortunately, today there is a steady tendency for the development of value crisis among modern youth in Russia. In the near future, this may lead to a decline in the prestige of socially significant labor, an increase in deviant behavior, indifference to patriotism and one’s own state, and social passivity. The study identifies particular manifestations of value crisis among young people, and also suggests the ways of solving this problem. The paper also focuses on the problem of changing Russian values to European ones among young people.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**Секция 5**

**9 ноября 2021, вторник 10.45-12.15**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Щербаков Илья**

**1. Bozhedomova Arina/ Божедомова Арина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Russian soft power: an analysis of peculiarities of the national model/ Российская «мягкая сила»: специфика национальной модели**

Despite the transformation of international relations and the type of implementation of foreign and domestic policy, which has led to the widespread introduction of soft power in foreign policies, there is still no unified approach to its understanding in Russia. This state of affairs creates difficulties in implementation. Hence, it requires a theoretical and applied understanding of this concept. This paper offers a critical analysis of the understanding of Russian soft power strategies. The study conducted emphasizes that the instrumental interpretation contradicts the original understanding of soft power and indicates the need to strengthen Russia’s role in the global humanitarian space.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**2. Deng Niao/ Дэн Ниао**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Chinese bureaucracy: analyzing the response to the early COVID-19 outbreak/ Китайская бюрократия: анализ мер по борьбе со вспышкой COVID-19**

Since the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, Chinese authorities, both central and local, have responded to the outbreak in Wuhan with tough isolation measures for the entire city of 11 million residents. However, the first response to the coronavirus outbreak failed in Wuhan. The organizational response to the COVID-19 crisis sheds light on the distinctive characteristics of Chinese bureaucracy, the relationships between the central and local governments. Combining Weber’s bureaucratic theory with Chinese practice, in China, there is a fundamental contradiction between excessive centralization of power and the effectiveness of local government. Local officials at all levels are extremely sensitive to political signals and instructions. Analyzing the features of the Chinese government work helps us to better understand the opportunities for the potential governance improvements in the post-pandemic era. After the epidemic is over, we need to reflect on the effectiveness of the bureaucracy in China today.

Консультант по английскому языку: Шмараева Анастасия Александровна

**3. Dmitrieva Larisa, Rakhmankulova Zarina/ Дмитриева Лариса, Рахманкулова Зарина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Smart city ecology approach: a case study of Moscow/ Экология «умного города» на примере Москвы**

This paper is devoted to the issue of ecological potential realization of “smart cities” as high-tech hubs. The study aims to consider the implementation of new environmental initiatives and mechanisms in Moscow. Environmental problems of large cities are associated with overpopulation, transport and industrial enterprises on relatively small territories, and the formation of anthropogenic landscapes. The increase in the technological development of smart cities makes it possible to apply the latest environmental breakthroughs and to neutralize the consequences of human intervention in nature. The introduction of an environmental monitoring system and an integrated approach to problem solving by using new scientific and technological advancements have made it possible to increase the effectiveness of Moscow’s environmental policy.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**4. Platonova Anastasia, Kurdynko Anastasia/ Платонова Анастасия, Курдынко Анастасия**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The impact of artificial intelligence on public opinion as a global problem: an analysis/ Влияние искусственного интеллекта на общественное мнение как глобальная проблема**

The paper is devoted to the issue of artificial intelligence as a means of manipulating public opinion. This topic is considered to be relevant due to increased influence of modern technologies on the individual decision-making process. The latest research shows that artificial intelligence directly affects the human mind. Modern artificial intelligence is related not only to robots and computers, but it also successfully integrates into everyday human life. Nowadays there are mechanisms that can not only affect the exchange of goods and services, but also mechanisms that affect the political process. The latest neural network mechanisms successfully master not only mass preferences, but also the interests of an individual. The purpose of the paper is to emphasize that a largely successful and progressive idea of machine learning can lead to large-scale mass manipulations in society, which in the future may lead to civil wars and disruption of the stability of modern political systems.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**5. Shcherbakov Oleg/ Щербаков Олег**

Faculty of Foreign Languages and Area Studies/ Факультет иностранных языков и регионоведения

**Hipsterificated English: a case study of Thailand / Хипстерифицированный английский язык (на примере Таиланда)**

In the era of the so-called prosuming, when customers participate in co-creating the image of a public space by social media posting and reviewing, entrepreneurs seek new solutions to scale up their businesses. Language has become one of the instruments to promote a place – the linguistic landscape is now as important as its design and is paid much attention by the founders. Having adopted the method of content analysis and relative values calculation, the author analysed online linguistic landscape objects of 73 Bangkok’s cafes and coffeeshops: brand names, slogans, on-cup and on-wall signs, navigational elements. Through a series of interviews with four café owners and founders, the author gathered insights into the motivations behind new linguistic practices. The results suggest that the majority of cafes and coffeeshops studied prefer English and other foreign languages to Thai using them as a symbolic tool for creating proper upscale ambiance for social media users and catering to tourists and expatriates. In foreign studies, this phenomenon is referred to as hipsterification of language.

**Секция 6**

**11 ноября 2021, четверг 09.00-10.30**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Пришкольник Семён**

**1. Bobina Daria/ Бобина Дарья**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Europe as a paradise for refugees: cultural and economic consequences/ Европа как рай для беженцев: культурные и политические последствия**

Nowadays, refugees are becoming an ominous problem for many European citizens. According to the statistical information, the number of incomers increases every year, significantly affecting European residents’ quality of life. This phenomenon can be illustrated by the example of two powerful European countries: France and Germany. Both of these regions can be considered as the heart of the refugee influx. This paper is an attempt to explain the consequences of the flow of refugees and its benefits.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**2. Gusarova Tatiana/ Гусарова Татьяна**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The issue of mutual trust between citizens within different countries/ Проблема взаимного доверия между гражданами в различных государствах**

Nowadays, the thesis “you can’t trust anyone” is increasingly heard in society. People trust each other less and less. Society has changed beyond recognition. That is why the problem of trust level between citizens within different countries is quite critical today. Each country has a different trust level, and there are specific reasons for it. This paper conducts a comparative analysis of various perspectives on this question. This study attempts to distinguish the factors that influence the trust level within the state and analyse the mutual trust in different countries to understand certain reasons for general distrust.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**3. Zheleznyakov Peter/ Железняков Пётр**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Politics and power of authority: a research into animal communities/ Политика и авторитет в животных сообществах**

In my research, I study the issue of leadership and authority, dictatorship and democracy in different animal communities. Many people believe that only humans can take part in political processes. Moreover, political scientists have not been substantially focused on this issue, though the topic is still closely connected with politics. This study might also be of interest to sociologists and psychologists, as it is partly based on research in social and political psychology, which is within the scope of political science too. In my study, I consider the differences and similarities that we have with animals in the area of politics: humans manipulate just as animals do, they are scared of powerful leaders just as animals do, humans cooperate with each other just as animals do, etc. Nonetheless, animals’ behavior is fully dependent upon instincts. In the conclusion of my talk, I consider Aristotle’s definition of man as a “political animal” against the background of political processes in animal communities.

Консультант по английскому языку: Яковлева Ирина Олеговна

**4. Isaakyan Yana/ Исаакян Яна**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Poverty in modern society: a socio-political analysis/ Cоциально-политический анализ проблемы бедности в современном обществе**

Nowadays, even in the world’s wealthiest countries, people struggle to afford essential goods and services like heating, transport, and healthy food. In this study, the problem of global poverty is highlighted and analyzed. The paper focuses on numerous causes: inequality and marginalization, hunger, conflicts, little or no access to clean water, sanitation, hygiene, etc. The reasons are confirmed by the statistics of the distribution of poverty among countries in the modern world. The consequences of poverty and its impact on the world’s development from demographical, economic, political points of view and different ways of fighting bankruptcy and starvation are also considered in this research.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**5. Kornienko Zoe/ Корниенко Зоя**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Imposition of high standards among social media users and the ideal person issue/ Установление высоких стандартов среди пользователей социальных сетей и проблема “идеального человека”**

In my research, I study the issue with which almost everyone who has ever used mobile applications (Instagram, VK, Facebook, Twitter, etc.) is familiar. Millions of people nowadays are active users of various social networks that broadcast perfect life stories and flawless lifestyles involving only “successful success” and “productive productivity”. Many people appreciate the achievements of others or confidently ignore them, while others may still feel insecure or threatened by ideal pictures they see. In the latter case, the issue of imposing high standards comes to the fore. The purpose of this study is to consider and analyze the influence that these high standards exert on an individual’s self-confidence as well as on behavioral strategies of individuals in social masses. The results of the study include a universal checklist that might be used by individuals to sustainably deal with the content that popular influencers broadcast over the Internet.

Консультант по английскому языку: Яковлева Ирина Олеговна

**6. Smirnova Milaslava/ Смирнова Миласлава**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The issue of intellectual migration in the modern world/ Проблема интеллектуальной миграции в современном мире**

The paper examines the process of intellectual migration in detail, especially its types, causes, consequences and possible solutions to this problem. The intellectual migration in Russia is also under consideration. Various scientific articles and statistical resources were used to conduct the study. The research considers the problem from different perspectives, identifies popular trends, and prompts reflection on possible solutions. The topic under consideration will be of interest to international relations specialists, political scientists, economists, and demographists.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**Секция 7**

**11 ноября 2021, четверг 10.45-12.15**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Пришкольник Семён**

**1. Evstratova Yana, Fokin Michael/ Евстратова Яна, Фокин Михаил**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**AUCUS as a political stand-off bloc in the Asia-Pacific region/ Создание AUCUS в рамках противостояния в Азиатско-Тихоокеанском регионе**

The competition between different countries in the attempt to possess a larger number of powerful weapons has always been and still stays a serious issue for all the mankind. It assumed that the arms race is unfolding on the basis of political stand-off between states and their integrations represented by political, military-political unions and blocs. In connection with recent events, namely the creation of the new military-political union AUCUS (which was announced on 15 September 2021 and includes Australia, the United Kingdom and the United States) public attention and media turned to the Asia-Pacific region. Since World War II this region has become a new point of geo-political intrigue. Therefore, the relevance of the present study is reinforced by recent events in international affairs. In general, the project aims at identifying the reasons and triggers of the current political situation in the Asia-Pacific region, analyzing the prospects for the future and determining the impact of the events on the global community on the whole and on Russia in particular.

Консультанты по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**2. Mokrova Rinata, Kafeev Aleksandr/ Мокрова Рината, Кафеев Александр**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Modern challenges in the life of people with disabilities/ Современные проблемы в жизни людей с ограниченными возможностями**

There are many humanitarian challenges associated with relations between various minorities and the majority groups. One of them is the problem of people with disabilities. The talk aims to investigate who these people are. Often people with disabilities are presented to us as people in wheelchairs, with a lot of injuries and health problems but in reality, the concept of «limited possibilities» is much broader. The study question is to identify what the categories of persons with disabilities are, depending on the gravity of their problems. We analyse factors that prevent these people from living in the society of “normal people”. The investigation attempts to explain how disabled people’s rights are violated and what measures should be taken to improve the situation of this category of the population. In conclusion, the authors provide vivid examples of success stories against the obstacles of the people with disabilities.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**3. Molodykh Ilya/ Молодых Илья**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Efficient methods of migration policy: socio-humanitarian and humanistic aspect/ Эффективные методы миграционной политики: социогуманитарный и гуманистический аспект**

The research is devoted to the problem of cross-border migration with the aim to consider scientifically the most common applied mechanisms for regulating the migration policy of a state. The field of the study lies mainly in the academic discipline "State and Municipal Administration’, and also affects such particular spheres of science as political science, economics, law science and cultural studies. The author examines deeper the side of unbiased attitudes towards problematics aforecited. The study is presented in the form of theses in a strict logical sequence, employing general and particular methods of social sciences and not having any political positional colouring. The study has shown that the actions in question are taken to maintain the sustainability of Russia, in particular, as a modern state-organized society. Ultimately, the results testify to inefficiency for state development to apply methods of operational governing oriented solely on political ideologies. Nevertheless, it should not be excluded that many politicians continue to appeal to the anti- and pro-immigration agenda in self-serving interests irrespective of any logical assumptions on this subject.

Консультанты по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна, Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**4. Nafikov Rail, Mamaev Danzan/ Нафиков Раиль, Мамаев Данзан**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Nuclear war as a threat to the existence of humankind in the coming decades/ Ядерная война как угроза человеческому существованию в ближайшие десятилетия**

The research deals with the analysis of possible ways of avoiding the global nuclear disaster. Some of the states with growing economic power, which could provide alternative pathways in technology, trade and security, may become involved in serious international military conflicts, due to the changing political landscape and increasingly tense relations between states. This, in turn, can lead to disastrous consequences. The lack of strong institutions or clear rules about ways to resolve conflicts means that clashes can more often escalate into full-scale wars. Our research is relevant because the threat of nuclear war can become very real over the next decades if tensions between some of the world's leading powers escalate. In general, our research aims at showing how such terrible events can be prevented and what we can do about this.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**5. Shustova Mariia, Denisenko Andrew/ Шустова Мария, Денисенко Андрей**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Characteristic features of the Cold war in the 21st century/ Характерные черты Холодной войны в XXI веке**

The questions of the essence of the Cold war and if relations between the Russian Federation and the USA look the same way as they did during the Cold war still remain acute. In this talk, the authors consider the modern political relationship between this country, China and the developed Western countries with the aim to assess the present situation in regard to the concept of the second Cold war. The authors provide sufficient evidence for illustrating that the world is more difficult and miscellaneous than the bipolar geopolitical stand-off of the last century. The relevance of the study is that the relationship between the aforesaid three countries attract the attention of historians, political scientists and ordinary people because everyone strives to reach the truth, people try to find answers to the questions of possible reasons of resuming the Cold war. In conclusion the authors demonstrate how this situation is reflected in modern life of society.

Консультанты по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна, Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**6. Soldatchenkova Ulyana, Vesnina Alexandra/ Солдатченкова Ульяна, Веснина Александра**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The issue of lack of attention to art in the child’s upbringing system/ Проблема недостатка внимания к творчеству в системе воспитания ребёнка**

The school system of education has always been a prospective space for raising a batter generation. A question about the art influence on children’s lives is known as one of the most significant. The contemporary generation (10-16 y.o.) tends to ignore museums, galleries, theaters and replace them by surfing the Internet and wasting their time online. This tendency is a great problem in the cruel modern world, where art can be a salvation for children’s morale. The importance of art is clear enough: young people are taught different social norms, morality and they will notice the beauty everywhere. Nowadays children see the beauty only in their gadgets and do not pay enough attention to other people and the world around them. The authors suppose such a problem can be solved by increasing interest in art.

Консультанты по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна, Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**Секция 8**

**11 ноября, четверг 13.00-14.30**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Патарая Кристина**

**1. Aliev Murad/ Алиев Мурад**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The political aspect of rejecting vaccine mandates/ Политический аспект отказа от вакцинации**

Covid 19 does not subside in any way despite all the attempts of people. Due to the coronavirus, 5 million people have died and many have lost the number of outbreaks of the virus per year. The study aims at analyzing the reasons why despite the depressing statistics, some people refuse to vaccinate. The author comes to the conclusion that people do not see practical use of injections for protection purposes. They forget that in this case they endanger all people who are close to them. The author also addresses the political issue of the state taking tough measures to combat those who refuse to be vaccinated. The current events show that people are beginning to protest more and more and see this as a kind of struggle for freedom. The author tries to analyse the current situation and suggests possible governmental measures for the conflict resolution.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**2. Efimkin Kirill/ Ефимкин Кирилл**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The influence of social media on young people’s political attitudes and beliefs: an analysis of current trends/ Влияние социальных сетей на формирование политических взглядов молодежи: анализ современных тенденций**

The paper discusses the influence of social media on young people’s political attitudes and beliefs in Russia. It is becoming increasingly relevant with the soaring growth of social networks that allow young people to organize themselves into “circles”, create their movements, gain subscribers and, ultimately, earn income. Young people can quickly rise to it being ready to follow a particular leader. Thus, it is essential to consider the problem of the radicalization of young people in modern society. The research provides some possible solutions to this problem as well.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**3. Pataraya Kristina/ Патарая Кристина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Main trends in gender inequality in modern Eastern Europe/ Основные тенденции гендерного неравенства в современной Восточной Европе**

The authors of the study analyze the current situation related to gender inequality in the states of Eastern Europe. Both institutional and domestic problems are taken into account. The study provides data on the formation and development of the modern gender status of people in society, actions taken by various organizations to reduce the gender gap, and cases illustrating the main points of the work. This study demonstrates that, despite numerous attempts by the world community to combat this problem, gender inequality remains relevant, and overcoming it is one of the priorities of modern society.

Консультант по английскому языку: Яковлева Ирина Олеговна

**4. Kozlova Darya/ Козлова Дарья**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Perspectives on the transformation of Russian political values: history and modernity/ Взгляд на трансформацию политических ценностей в России: история и современность**

Philosophers have been reflecting on the approaches to social progress for a long time. In their writings they pointed out a particular loyalty of generations to the values they were promoting. In many ways, it gave rise to the emergence of the concept of a spiral model of historical state development. Contrary to popular belief, this idea was also popular in Russia, reflected in the works of such Russian thinkers as G.V. Plekhanov, G.P. Fedotov and N.A. Berdyaev. Nevertheless, it cannot be denied that until the formation of the socio-cultural economy, values were traditionally regarded as constant values, but it was not until 1932 that this unspoken rule was challenged by the famous economist J.M. Keynes. Keynes’s “Impossible trilemma” is considered to be one of the main theories explaining the possibility of value changes in society. In 2020, it became one of reasons for renegotiating the social contract in Russia, which led to the ratification of amendments to the Constitution.

Консультант по английскому языку: Шмараева Анастасия Александровна

**5. Kaschenko Andrey/ Кащенко Андрей**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Conflicts between conservatives and the Labour: a political analysis/ Конфликты между консерваторами и лейбористами: политический аспект**

As we know, the Conservative and the Labour parties are the main political powers of the United Kingdom for many years. These political parties have common values, which are connected with British history, and parliamentary traditions. But Labour and Conservatives have a huge number of deep disagreements, too. As an example, there are conflicts between political parties about economic development of state and tax amount. Conservatives’ point of view is that state taxes must be low. The Labour party totally disagree with conservatives on a question of economic development of the United Kingdom. The Labour traditionally supports idea of high tax amount, which are a threat for some rich citizens – privileged elite of the United Kingdom. The Labour party believes that a model of mixed economy is an ideal version for the United Kingdom. In its turn, representatives of the Conservative party of United Kingdom consider that market economy is the best economic model for a modern state and its development.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**6. Ignatova Alexandra, Krymova Ksenia/ Игнатова Александра, Крымова Ксения**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Media platforms as memory formation factors: a case study of the Great Patriotic War/ Медиаплатформы как факторы формирования памяти о Великой Отечественной войне**

One of the trends in the development of memory policy in Russia is countering falsifications. The historical memory of the Great Patriotic War is the basis for patriotic education. Information technologies are currently becoming a key factor in fostering patriotism in the younger generation. Therefore, the study of media platforms that broadcast controversial points of view regarding the abovementioned event becomes especially relevant. Our study is aimed at exploring the role of modern media platforms as tools for historical memory formation of the Great Patriotic War.

Консультант по английскому языку: Яковлева Ирина Олеговна

**Секция 9**

**11 ноября, четверг 13.00-14.30**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Исмаилов Эльнур**

**1. Dubovik Maria, Zabiyan Yulia/ Дубовик Мария, Забиян Юлия**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The impact of politics on the 32nd Tokyo Summer Olympics/ Влияние политики на XXXII летние Олимпийские Игры в Токио**

Intensive interference of politics into a huge range of spheres of human activity causes the need for scientists and experts to study several important issues related to this phenomenon. As for our work, we consider it important to examine the issue of intervention of politics into the world of sports using the example of the Tokyo 2020 Olympics. The suggested talk considers this issue extremely relevant and important for study, especially in the light of recent inconsistent events that took place at the latest Olympics. The relevance of the study cannot be overstated because sport has always been a target for political interest of various kinds and recently this tendency has only intensified.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**2. Ismailov Elnur/ Исмаилов Эльнур**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Social network hackings and failures as a new reality in modern countries/ Кибератаки в социальных сетях как новая реальность в современных государствах**

Social media are often attacked by hackers. For example, Iranian hackers have recently used Facebook to get details of American aerospace industries. Such actions are becoming political ones because of countries’ hostility. Nontheless, nowadays a growing amount of users run into some failures that make them feel anxious because they work, study and have a rest on social networks. This research includes some cases and ways of digital security in the most influential countries (USA, China, UK, France and Russia). Also, there are analyses of some laws not only in these countries, but also the principles of the UN.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**3. Lalayants Ekaterina, Ivleva Maria / Лалаянц Екатерина, Ивлева Мария**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The impact of social media on decision-making framework/ Влияние социальных сетей на систему принятия решений**

With the growing distribution of social media platforms, people are facing a variety of choices about how to use social media to engage with other social media users and online communities. In this research, we concentrate on the specific issue: the response decision-making (RDM) framework that explains factors that inform how people respond to sensitive disclosures on social media. When people decide to share confidential, private information about themselves, they are counting on a response as an immediate reaction and an outcome which is associated with the changes in the situation. In case the disclosures include sensitive content (or “socially stigmatized” cases), reactions and responses are decisive.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**4. Maslennikova Ekaterina/ Масленникова Екатерина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The myth of democracy in modern democracies: a study of the 2021 elections to the State Duma of the Russian Federation/ Миф народовластия в современных демократиях: на примере выборов в Государственную Думу Российской Федерации 2021 года**

The study raises the problem of the specifics of the most stable mythical element of modern politics – the myth of democracy. Elections to the State Duma of the Russian Federation were held in September of this year. Despite the existing absenteeism in Russian political culture, citizens actively participated in the "smart voting". The average turnout for the elections shows the effect of mass satisfaction with the political reality or the hope that people are able to influence the formation of a new composition of the legislature. It is worth noting that the dichotomy of the attitude to politics as a "dirty business" and to politics as a "people's business" reproduces the effect of the rigidity of the myth in the political consciousness of citizens about the need to vote.

Консультант по английскому языку: Криштоф Елена Михайловна

**5. Solodov Evgenii/ Солодов Евгений**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The issue of European migration to the United States in the 19th century/ Проблема европейской миграции в Соединенные Штаты в XIX веке**

President F.D. Roosevelt once said, “Remember, remember always, that all of us, and you and I especially, are descended from immigrants and revolutionists”. The United States has always been known as the country of immigrants. On its coasts they founded its first settlements, they captured its forests and fields, they vanquished its independence, they paved its first roads and erected its first factories, and they made it great for the first time. No wonder that the history of America virtually is the history of immigrants. The research, thus, considers the circumstances of the immigrants’ life in America and analyses the main challenges they encountered.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**6. Shchipkov Kirill, Boronin Artem/ Щипков Кирилл, Боронин Артём**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Stalin's philosophical influence on the transformation of the perception of reality: a study of the USSR and contemporary Russia/ Философское влияние Сталина на трансформацию восприятия реальности в Советском Союзе и современной России**

This study is devoted to the phenomenon of Stalinist relativism and its impact on Soviet science and social reality. The freedom of Stalin’s interpretations of Lenin’s and Marx’s ideas seriously affected the rigor and verifiability of scientific concepts during that period. Prominent examples include the genetics of T.D. Lysenko, the cosmism of A.L. Chizhevsky and the alternative chronology of N. Morozov. Echoes of these theories can still be found in the modern world, in particular in Fomenko’s works on alternative history. Conceivably, this phenomenon has been little studied, despite the significant impact it has had on science in Russia.

Консультант по английскому языку: Яковлева Ирина Олеговна

**Секция 10**

**11 ноября, четверг 14.45-16.15**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Исмаилов Эльнур**

**1. Bibik Sofia, Merzliakova Alina/ Бибик София, Мерзлякова Алина**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Environmental politics and climate change: the Canadian perspective/ Экологическая политика и глобальное потепление: опыт Канады**

Nowadays, the global community is called to action by a threat of Climate Change, which is requiring urgent measures. However, petro-state politics and economics cannot be yet considered redundant. Canada is often associated with eco-friendly, liberal sort of place, where progressive and green policies prevail over dark forces of consumer-orientated short-term decision-making. At the same time, it may be a striking example of how government’s regressive support of the oil industry affects environmental policy tendency to evade sustainability targets.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**2. Bogdanova Daria, Nekrasova Natasha / Богданова Дарья, Некрасова Наташа**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The role of media in creating political reality during the humanitarian crisis/ Роль СМИ в конструировании политической реальности в эпоху гуманитарного кризиса**

Media play an undoubtedly important role in policymaking, which is why it has always been a subject of academic enquiry. Particularly definition of media as a driving force in International politics causes certain debates about the ‘CNN effect’ especially when post-communist media are taken as a case to study. The most famous cases revealing this subject are US intervention in Bosnia in 1995 and Operation Allied Force in Kosovo in 1999. This research examines the influence of the media during humanitarian crisis basing on these historical cases. The problem described in the present project is still relevant today, if we turn to the experience of other countries.

Консультант по английскому языку: Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**3. Kurginova Daria, Lyzlov Vladislav/ Кургинова Дарья, Лызлов Владислав**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The image of the USSR in American cinema of the Cold War period/ Образ СССР в американском кинематографе периода Холодной войны**

This research is devoted to the image of the USSR in American cinema of the Cold War period. The study considers the following films: *The Red Danube* (1949), *From Russia with Love* (1963), *Escape to the Sun* (1972), *Invasion U.S.A.* (1983), *The Day After* (1983), and *Red Dawn* (1984). Applying discourse and contextual analysis, the authors identify common characteristics of the presentation of the Soviet Union in popular American culture and substantiate their origins. The authors conclude that cinematograph was an essential part of propaganda in information and psychological warfare in the 20th century.

Консультант по английскому языку: Яковлева Ирина Олеговна

**4. Soldatova Xenia, Biryukova Alisa/ Солдатова Ксения, Бирюкова Алиса**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The grass is always greener on the other side: reasons for the emigration of Russian young people/ Хорошо там, где нас нет: причины эмиграции российской молодежи**

“The grass is always greener on the other side” - an old and simple truth. Today this phrase is more relevant than ever for Russia. According to a survey by Levada Center, 41% of respondents aged 18 to 24 would like to leave the Russian Federation for a foreign country for permanent residence. What is the reason for such a surge in young people's emotions regarding the move? Why are they looking for a place in the sun outside of their native places? The research aims to analyze the main reasons for the phenomenon of Russian youth’s emigration. A survey is conducted among young people aged 18 to 35 on the topic of emigration. Both people who only dream of moving and those who have already found their place abroad have been interviewed. In the conclusion the authors present statistics in a visual form and make certain inferences about the opinions of people in a particular focus group and the analyzed results.

Консультанты по английскому языку: Яковлева Ирина Олеговна, Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**5. Bekarev Stepan, Tsvetkova Daria/Бекарев Степан, Цветкова Дарья**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Perception of American socio-political hashtags by students of the USA and the Russian Federation: a comparative analysis/ Восприятие американских социально-политических хэштегов студентами США и РФ: сравнительный анализ**

Hashtags are the most indicative markers of expressing the public opinion of social media users. Undoubtedly, American hashtags play an important role in shaping global political discourse through the World Wide Web. Raising the problems of social inequality, discrimination and insecurity, American hashtags spread far beyond the national segment of the Internet. However, the perception of these tags varies depending on the country. This research contains a comparative analysis of the reaction of the American and Russian population, which allows the authors to make conclusions about the value differences between the two nations.

Консультанты по английскому языку: Яковлева Ирина Олеговна, Сергиенко Полина Игоревна

**Секция 11**

**11 ноября, четверг 14.45-16.15**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Игнатенко Кирилл**

**1. Drokov Michael/ Дроков Михаил**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Analysing US energy policy: current issues and challenges/ Анализ энергетической политики США: современные проблемы и вызовы**

The US energy sector is a heterogeneous and chaotic system in which progressive and constructive trends are interspersed with destructive and obstructive trends and phenomena. The study focuses on the specific aspect of this system – the usage of coal for further industrial development. If the US continues to use coal at the same rate as it does today, there will be enough coal for more than 250 years. This huge amount of coal makes the USA a world leader in the field of proven coal reserves. But everything has its consequences – the use of coal results in soil erosion, drinking water pollution, frequent cases of lung diseases, cancer. Will alternative energy sources help solve all the problems?  Hydrocarbons and the electric power industry are closely linked and therefore go hand in hand with the traditional sources of energy. The United States needs to work with what is available, intelligently regulate needs and redirect energy resources to significant tasks.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**2. Dunaeva Eva, Larionova Valeria/ Дунаева Ева, Ларионова Валерия**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**An analysis of distance learning: a psychological aspect/ Анализ дистанционного обучения: психологический аспект**

Today there is a rapid development of information technologies. The process of informatization unfolds in almost all areas of human activity. In this difficult time, modern education is developing in conditions of an increasing flow of information and the need for an individual to operate with a huge amount of knowledge in various spheres of human activity. Distance learning technologies based on the use of modern information and communication capabilities have been actively introduced into the field of vocational education in recent decades. Little research had been done on this topic until 2020. Due to recent events in the world, the worldwide coronavirus pandemic, the relevance of research related to distance learning has increased dramatically.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**3. Nikolaeva Anastasia/ Николаева Анастасия**

Faculty of Political Science /Факультет политологии

**The North-South problem today: an analysis of the economic situation in developing countries/ Противостояние Севера и Юга: анализ экономического положения в развивающихся странах на современном этапе**

The research identifies the main differences between developed and developing countries focusing on economic status such as GDP, GNP, per capita income, industrialization, the standard of living, the distribution of income, the level of poverty and unemployment. The study analyzes various measures that have been introduced to overcome the gap in the levels of socio-economic development between developed and developing countries, particularly under the conditions of globalization. The research investigates the reasons why in spite of all economic efforts the divide between North and South is still deep.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**4. Peresypkina Olesya/ Пересыпкина Олеся**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The impact of mass media on the formation of democratic values in society/ Влияние средств массовой информации на формирование демократических ценностей в обществе**

Mass media has become an integral part of the social, political and everyday life in the contemporary world. This fact is closely related to the impetuous scientific and technological advance. Mass media became interactive (Internet, interactive television), and due to this fact its role grows. This paper explores the relationship between mass media use and the attitude toward democratic values. It is concluded that the mass media play a significant role in shaping the attitude of citizens to democratic values by providing information about public affairs and expanding citizens’ understanding about democratic politics. As such, media use facilitates democratic socialization and leads to more involvement in political life of society.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**5. Starovoytov Pavel, Ignatenko Kirill/ Старовойтов Павел, Игнатенко Кирилл**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The impact of cultural development in cities on the quality of life/ Влияние культурного развития в городах на уровень качества жизни**

Society is a complex system with all parts interconnected. One example of this interconnectedness is the relationship between culture and social life. The research aims to study this relationship by focusing on the impact of cultural development in cities on the quality of life. The study is based on the analysis of two specific variables being taken from each area: cultural development and quality of life. As a result, an attempt was made to establish the influence of the former variable on the latter. Thus, the research question is to find out if there is a correlation between the level of cultural development in a city and the quality of life. To answer the research question, we used quantitative research methods.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**6. Volkova Katerina, Egorova Maria/ Волкова Катерина, Егорова Мария**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The role of online platforms in shaping political movements: an analysis of recent developments/ Роль онлайн-платформ в создании политических движений: анализ современных тенденций**

With the Internet becoming an essential part of most people’s lives, political activity has also shifted its focus to online platforms. The purpose of the study is to identify the role that online platforms play in shaping political movements focusing on recent developments. Thus, social networks and websites that have particular architecture allowing its users to create various posts are broadly used by political movements. Moreover, it is commonly expected of young people to be experts in digital space. However, our recent findings have revealed that conservative groups are also extremely interested in receiving training about Internet platforms. Thus, the Internet is proved to be used not only by modern youth but by older generation, too, making it crucial for everyone.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**Секция 12**

**13 ноября 2021, суббота, 10.45-12.15**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Игошина Полина**

**1. Borisova Veronika, Khavronenko Maxim/ Борисова Вероника, Хавроненко Максим**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Behavioral psychology in education: case studies and applied methods/ Поведенческая психология в образовании: примеры и прикладные методы**

The present study is based primarily on the work of American psychologists G. Martin and J. Pear. Behavior modification includes a variety of techniques which can be used to improve children’s studying process as well as their overall quality of life. The study presents an analysis of such topics as: Positive reinforcement, Tokenization, Negative reinforcement, Punishment, Operant extinction and others and draws conclusions on how well they can be used in the context of modern Russian education system.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**2. Karamov Anton/ Карамов Антон**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The role of transnational corporations in the search for new sources of energy/ Роль транснациональных корпораций в поисках новых источников энергии**

The study focuses on the steps that transnational corporations make to find new sources of energy. Trends in the development of green energy can be called encouraging. In the EU countries, the share of energy obtained from alternative sources has increased from 14 to 25%. It is also important to note that the world’s leading corporations fully support the transition to renewable energy sources, investing huge sums in this industry. Apple is the largest owner of solar power plants that power absolutely all of its data centers. Renowned furniture manufacturer IKEA plans to completely abandon traditional energy sources by 2025. The paper provides convincing examples that show that Russian corporations Rosneft and Lukoil also invest a great deal of money in the shift towards renewable sources of energy.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**3. Kolesnik Ivan/ Колесник Иван**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**Cooperation between Russia and the European Union in combating international terrorism at the present stage/ Сотрудничество России и Европейского Союза в борьбе с терроризмом на современном этапе**

Currently, the whole world, including the Russian Federation and the EU, is exposed to an unprecedented threat from political, nationalist and religious extremism. The Joint EU – Russia statement on combating terrorism (28 January 2014) is the main document that identifies the ways of cooperation between Russia and the EU aimed at preventing, detecting and suppressing terrorist attacks. International efforts have helped reduce the number of successful hijackings and prevent numerous cases of maritime piracy. The paper gives an analysis of the latest developments of this partnership.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**4. Paly Alexandr/ Палий Александр**

Faculty of Political Science/ Факультет политологии

**The effectiveness of economic sanctions in the context of transformation of political regimes/ Эффективность экономических санкций в контексте трансформации политических режимов**

The present study is based on the works of American researchers B. Radcliffe and J. Dashty-Gibson who tried to assess the effectiveness of restrictive trade measures, which were applied from 1914 to 1989. The analysis was based on the following suggestions: 1) trade interdependence of a target country and a subject country of economic sanctions; 2) the costs for a destination country (in the percentage of GDP); 3) financial restrictions; 4) the period for which the sanctions are imposed (years); 5) the stability of the target country as a whole. The researchers conclude that the main factor that determines the use of restrictive trade measures is the stability of a political system in a destination country. States with democratic regimes are more successful than others in implementing economic sanctions. The researchers explain this phenomenon by making an assumption that democratic countries are more economically developed.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**5. Zaripova Yana/ Зарипова Яна**

Faculty of Nature management and construction, Bashkir State Agrarian University/ Факультет природопользования и строительства, ФГБОУ ВО Башкирский государственный аграрный университет

**The problem of nomophobia among the modern young generation/ Современные проблемы номофобии в среде современного молодого поколения**

The purpose of the article is to study the relevance of the increasingly growing dependence of young people on mobile devices, which negatively affects their psycho-emotional state. In the course of the analysis, a survey was conducted among students, with the help of which the age group and the percentage of susceptible to nomophobia were determined. We also studied the data of Russian and foreign researchers, the behavior of addicted people from gadgets. As a result of the work, the negative and positive aspects of mobile devices, the causes of nomophobia and ways to combat it were considered.

Консультант по английскому языку: Калугина Юлия Владимировна

СОЦИОЛОГИЧЕСКИЙ ФАКУЛЬТЕТ

**9 ноября 2021, вторник, 12.40 – 16.20**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущие: Подбуцкая Ольга, Кашинцева Екатерина**

**1. Duda Elizaveta/ Дуда Елизавета**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Methods of predicting deviant behavior among young people/ Методы прогнозирования девиантного поведения в молодежной среде**

In modern society, an acute problem is the problem of deviant behavior of young people. Within the framework of the sociological approach to the analysis of this problem, the goal is to develop a system of recommendations to prevent negative consequences of deviations in teenage behavior. This research attempts to reveal the content of the deviant behavior concept, describes its features among young people, provides methods for diagnosing deviant behavior using the example of psychological techniques and monitoring of social networks and also contains conclusions and recommendations. In the course of the study, it seems necessary to identify the causes of deviant behavior, assess its risks and develop tools for diagnosis and further forecasting. A detailed analysis allows us to build a system of measures to prevent the consequences of deviant behavior that can cause significant harm to public order.

Консультант по английскому языку: Рассошенко Жаннетта Викторовна

**2. Kislova Olesya/ Кислова Олеся**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The role of social networks in modern society: a sociological study / Роль социальных сетей в современном обществе: социологическое исследование**

At the end of the 20th century, there was a leap in the development of the Internet and related communication technologies. Nowadays, social networks have become a part of modern informational reality, which, like any communication tool, can be used for different purposes. This study provides a brief history of the emergence of the most popular social networks and focuses on their functions. Further, this research examines the positive and negative effects of social networks and such a common problem of "dependency" on them. The given survey of respondents reveals their attitude to social networks.

Консультант по английскому языку: Рассошенко Жаннетта Викторовна

**3. Barmina Elizaveta, Shchelkunova Galina/ Бармина Елизавета, Щелкунова Галина**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Baudrillard's concept and its applicability to the modern consumer society/ Концепция Бодрийяра и ее применимость к современному обществу потребления**

The purpose of this study is to analyze modern consumer society according to the concept of J. Baudrillard. His works were devoted to the consumer society that had matured in highly developed European countries by the 70s of the 20th century. Based on rich sociological material, Baudrillard provided a critical analysis of such society from philosophical, sociological, economic, political and cultural points of view. The author identified its characteristics and paid attention to the influence that consumer society had on the moral and intellectual state of its citizens. Our study is devoted to the modern consumer society where individuals try to increase their social position. The most common way to gain it is a conspicuous consumption. It focuses not only on basic human needs, but also on reputation and status upgrade.

Консультант по английскому языку: Павлова Елена Касимовна

**4. Kopaliani Violetta/ Копалиани Виолетта**

Faculty of Sociology/ Факультет социологии

**Prospects of digital sociology in the context of Big Data challenges/ Возможности цифровой социологии в контексте вызовов Big Data**

Digital sociology goes beyond the study of modern technologies and raises questions about sociology itself. Nowadays researchers have the opportunity to apply new methods of data analysis, to combine large and heterogeneous data arrays in a way that was not previously possible. This article aims to outline the changes in sociology, where Big Data challenges the distinction between qualitative and quantitative methods of research. It focuses on the advantages and disadvantages of Big Data analysis in the field of sociology. Although Big Data analysis allows researchers to detect unexpected patterns and relationships between phenomena, data is devoid of social, political, economic, and historical context, which makes it difficult to examine. Nevertheless, digital data are an integral part of everyday life in an informational society. Thus, the usage of Big Data in sociology increases the range of data available for analysis.

Консультант по английскому языку: Рассошенко Жаннетта Викторовна

**5. Valeria Golota, Elizaveta Biryukova/ Голота Валерия, Бирюкова Елизавета**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Unmanned technologies as a way to solve important humanitarian problems/ Беспилотные технологии как способ решения гуманитарных проблем**

The research is devoted to a recent example of successful international interaction in the sphere of unmanned technologies. In July 2021 the Russia-based company Yandex signed a deal with the US food delivery company Grubhub. Now 50 Yandex Rovers, completely unmanned devices, have appeared on the campus of Ohio State University to help more than 60,000 students who live and study on the huge university territory to quickly get food from local cafes and restaurants. This unmanned service is able to provide significant economy on money and efforts.

Консультант по английскому языку: Казимова Галина Александровна

**6. Daniil Guguev, Anna Kramarenko/ Гугуев Даниил, Крамаренко Анна**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The role of charities in overcoming the consequences of the Covid-19 crisis in the UK/ Роль благотворительных организаций в преодолении последствий кризиса в Великобритании, вызванного эпидемией Covid-19**

The study highlights the role of charities in modern Britain. Due to the current coronavirus crisis the role of charity organizations has become extremely important. Charities help certain categories of people in need, support healthcare institutions and medical professionals, provide psychological assistance to people, help to search for information about the benefits people are entitled to, etc. Nowadays charities in the UK influence the adoption of political decisions related to social benefits and allowances. The current crisis conditions establish new mechanisms of social response – in the UK charity is becoming one of the main ones.

Консультант по английскому языку: Казимова Галина Александровна

**7. Lapshina Kseniia, Navoenko Julia/ Лапшина Ксения, Навоенко Юлия**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The role of out-patient departments in the Russian Federation: a sociological analysis/ Организация работы поликлиник в РФ: социологический анализ**

Аn out-patient department is the most important link in the health care system and the provision of primary health care. It provides a wide range of medical services. The relevance of this is that every citizen of the Russian Federation has the right to health protection and free medical care, as stated in the Constitution of the Russian Federation. In our work, we consider the problems of healthcare digitalization, the shortage of specialists, as well as ways to optimize the activity of out-patient departments and the social aspect of the results.

Консультант по английскому языку: Ильина Галина Алексеевна

**8. Anastassia Kunitsina, Anastassia Shevlyagina/ Куницына Анастасия, Шевлягина Анастасия**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Distance education as a social phenomenon/ Онлайн обучение как социальный феномен**

Modern researches of e-learning are mainly limited by relatively independent issues such as pedagogy, sociology, informatics and economics. The review carried out by the authors of the study has shown the absence of a universal research paradigm due to the novelty of this type of education. It is stressed in the study that the most essential thing about distance education is that it does not involve live communication, spiritual interaction and energy exchange so it cannot be taken as a full replacement of the process in person.

Консультант по английскому языку: Казимова Галина Александровна

**9. Lobov Mikhail, Kolyagina Maria/ Лобов Михаил, Колягина Мария**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Socio-cultural and leisure preferences of young people: a sociological analysis/ Социокультурные досуговые предпочтения молодежи: социологический анализ**

The study focuses on monitoring and analysis of contemporary socio-cultural and leisure preferences of young people living in Moscow. We present and describe the most popular tendencies in leisure preferences among students and applicants according to statistics. First we try to explain the reasons for the popularity of these activities and try to understand their causes and effects. Next, we discuss state policy aimed to change youngsters’ cultural behaviour. In the third part, we compare traditional valuable effects, customs, cultural and spiritual things with modern tendencies and try to offer some recommendations about saving good values for new generations. The authors believe that this study will help to actualise the importance of our cultural inheritance, enhancing the vital leisure-time activities of modern students and teenagers.

Консультант по английскому языку: Павлова Елена Касимовна

**10. Anna Vasileva/ Анна Васильева**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The phenomenon of institutional trust: a sociological analysis / Феномен институционального доверия: социологический анализ**

The study is devoted to the analysis of the phenomenon of institutional trust and the search for factors forming the institutional trust on the Internet. The author identifies the following factors influencing the formation of institutional trust: access to the Internet, digital literacy, background experience of using the Internet, the age of the respondent and the respondent's level of income. The data of the European Social Survey (9th wave - November 2018-February 2019, sample size - 2416 interviews) were used for a comparative analysis. A comparative analysis of the level of institutional trust between Russians and the British citizens was carried out.

Консультант по английскому языку: Павлова Елена Касимовна

**11. Kindeeva Sofia/ Киндеева София**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The role of foreign languages in personal and professional growth/ Роль иностранных языков в личностном и профессиональном росте**

The study analyses the role of foreign languages in the modern world. Foreign languages are socially demanded especially at the present time when the progress in science and technology has led to an explosion of knowledge and has contributed to an abundance of information. Many people strive to master a new language for various reasons. Most of them are convinced that knowledge of new languages will improve their personal and professional growth. The aim of the work is to show the importance of foreign languages in contemporary life and how they can help a modern person in everyday life and career. Special attention in the study is paid to the phenomenon of polyglots who have achieved high results due to their knowledge of foreign languages.

Консультант по английскому языку: Павлова Елена Касимовна

**12. Lisina Elena/ Лисина Елена**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The phenomenon of vaccination during the COVID-19 pandemic: a sociological**

**analysis /Феномен вакцинации во время пандемии Covid-19: социологический анализ**

The Covid-19 pandemic has significantly changed our daily lives. We have the second year experience in fighting Covid-19. Vaccination as the best way to escape Covid-19 is advertised on TV, the Internet, etc. It has affected people’s feelings and fears. Vaccination is the only weapon in the struggle against the virus. The aim of the present research is to demonstrate how vaccination has changed the nation’s mental health.

Консультант по английскому языку: Ильина Галина Алексеевна

**13. Maria Tigieva/ Тигиева Мария**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The phenomenon of communicative competence in modern society/ Феномен коммуникативной компетентности в современном обществе**

Nowadays, with the development of new technologies, communicative competence is still utterly needed. Being an integral part of successful interaction of individuals in modern society, it presupposes both a high level of speech development and the understanding of non-verbal communicative language. Among the goals of communicative competence are abilities to understand communication ethics, to develop cultural awareness and to think critically.

Консультант по английскому языку: Казимова Галина Александровна

**14. Polina Sdobnikova/ Сдобникова Полина**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Digital media as the means of making someone’s reputation/ Электронные СМИ как средство создания репутации**

Due to the development of technologies and the current coronavirus crisis, digital media have attained even greater influence. Giving a chance of immediate feedback, such media involve many of their readers into a kind of sociological survey. E-media can be a very effective means of making someone’s reputation, as well. For example, the British tabloid “The Daily Mail” has been publishing a substantial number of materials about Meghan Markle. Having been suing the tabloid for about 2 years, Meghan has been the heroine of its articles about 13,000 times. The readers’ reaction expressed in their comments classified on the tabloid’s website according to such scales as ‘best-rated’ and ‘worst-rated’ is of great help in the process of making Meghan Markle’s reputation in the UK.

Консультант по английскому языку: Казимова Галина Александровна

**15. Alexandra Alexandrova/ Александрова Александра**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Social entrepreneurship as a way to solve humanitarian problems in modern society/**

**Социально-ориентированное предпринимательство как способ решения гуманитарных проблем современного общества**

Nowadays it has become widely acknowledged that in some spheres social entrepreneurship can be very effective. Being a subspecies of a special kind of entrepreneurial activity initiated to solve socially significant problems, it can be extremely effective to solve, for example, ecological problems. As an example of this, the study mentions the processing of all types of plastic into building materials launched by some entrepreneurs.

Консультант по английскому языку: Казимова Галина Александровна

**16. Zlata Krasnova, Shibaeva Maria/ Краснова Злата, Шибаева Мария**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Social inequality in the modern UK/ Социальное неравенство в современной Великобритании**

A report by the charity Oxfam has shown that Britain has come out on top of social inequality among the developed countries. According to a report commissioned by the Round Table on National Equality, the gap between the rich and the poor in the UK is wider today than it was in the 1970s. Child poverty is becoming ‘normal’ in many parts of the UK. This social inequality requires immediate actions from the UK politicians.

Консультант по английскому языку: Казимова Галина Александровна

**17. Sibiryakova Yulia, Rodionenko Rodion/ Сибирякова Юлия, Родионенко Родион**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Digital transformation of education: difficulties and prospects/ Цифровая трансформация образования: трудности и перспективы**

Changes in the global market caused by the spread of digital technologies affect education in Russia. Traditional classroom activities are obsolete for the modern learning environment. The new technological revolution of the 21st century poses new challenges for teaching considering the use of digital technologies. Digital transformation opens up new meaningful opportunities: modelling and simulation of complex or inaccessible processes, project implementation, personalized learning, and more. Special attention is paid to the challenges that Russian education meets today. The possible ways to overcome these issues are also considered in the study.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**18. Egor Mikhailenko/ Михайленко Егор**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The 2021 UK fuel crisis: social aspects/ Социальные аспекты топливного кризиса в Великобритании**

The study is devoted to the current fuel crisis in the UK and the government measures to handle it. The end of September 2021 marked the beginning of the petrol shortage in numerous parts of the country, including London. At the same time oil companies stressed there was plenty of fuel available. Among the key reasons for the situation was given an estimated shortage of more than 100,000 HGV drivers. The UK government tried to give an adequate response to the situation but the data showed that British consumers increased their spending on fuel while spending growth on non-essential items slowed which might be a sign that some consumers started to cut back on discretionary items.

Консультант по английскому языку: Казимова Галина Александровна

**19. Anna Panchak/ Панчак Анна**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The current economic situation in the UK: social aspects/ Социальные аспекты современной экономической ситуации в Великобритании**

The study is devoted to the analysis of the latest data concerning the UK economy. The two factors such as Brexit and the current coronavirus crisis are defining today’s economic situation in Britain. The detailed analysis of such indicators as transactions at the biggest stores, economy and service outputs, imports of goods from non-EU and EU countries, job vacancies and labour productivity is able to demonstrate a complex situation in the UK economy that does not provide much confidence in the UK citizens.

Консультант по английскому языку: Казимова Галина Александровна

**20. Diana Takhautdiniva/ Тахаутдинова Диана**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Today’s labour force shortages in the UK: a sociological analysis/ Проблема нехватки рабочей силы в современной Великобритании: социологический анализ**

The study highlights the current labour shortage in the UK which has reached a historic peak. According to the Office for the National Statistics data, a number of the UK industries, from agriculture to social security, have been affected by this labour shortage. This situation is slowing down the development of the UK economy. At the same time, the measures taken by the UK government to overcome it seem not sufficient.

Консультант по английскому языку: Казимова Галина Александровна

**13 ноября 2021, суббота, 10.00 – 12.50**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущие: Подбуцкая Ольга, Кашинцева Екатерина**

**1. Divina Olga, Yrtaeva Mariya/ Дивина Ольга, Уртаева Мария**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**A sociological analysis of Yemen's humanitarian problems: the civil war/ Социологический анализ гуманитарных проблем Йемена: гражданская война**

The study focuses on the ongoing civil war in Yemen that is described as the worst humanitarian catastrophe in the world. The conflict continues to damage Yemeni civilians, drive displacement in the region, and restrict humanitarian access. The consequences of this disaster for the country's population and possible solutions to this issue are likewise of interest in the context of the research. The study analyzes the current situation in Yemen and provides an interview with a citizen of Yemen who comments on controversial and sensitive questions.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**2. Muchamadieva Anastasia, Ivanova Anastasia/ Мухамадиева Анастасия, Иванова Анастасия**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Social perception in Russia: internal and external qualities/ Особенности социальной перцепции в России: внутренние и внешние факторы**

The study aims to identify the origin and central aspects of social perception in Russia. The work raises essential social problems, considering the influence of external factors, namely financial well-being and appearance, on the status of a person in society. The relevance of the topic is beyond doubt since the issues of criteria affecting the opinion of an individual and the resulting interaction of people are fundamental for any society. The research focuses on analysing statistics obtained from various sociological studies.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**3. Nikita Karapetian/ Карапетян Никита**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Current issues of the modern urban environment: humanization of the city/ Актуальные проблемы в контексте современной городской среды: гуманизация города**

Nowadays, the humanization of urban environment is one of the fundamental issues in the development of civilization. It deals with the concept of sustainable development of cities, which are transforming into megalopolises. This leads to certain problems in human relations with nature. This research aims to analyze the influence of the urban environment of megalopolises on people's psychological state. The study also considers the importance of having a green area in a megalopolis to advance living conditions for the citizens.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**4. Andreeva Daria/ Андреева Дарья**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Prohibition of the death penalty in the modern world: an analysis of social changes/ Запрет смертной казни в современном мире: анализ социальных изменений**

The death penalty is one of the most controversial issues worldwide, frequently discussed at various international venues. Every year more and more countries refuse such a punishment for criminals. However, 53 states continue to impose death sentences using multiple methods, including beheading, electric shock, hanging, lethal injection and firing squad. This work highlights such a social problem as the use of the death penalty in various countries. The study also focuses on the consequences and changes in different societies due to the prohibition of the death penalty.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**5. Tsygankova Anna, Skres Kate/ Цыганкова Анна, Скерсь Екатерина**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Cancel culture as a social phenomenon in the media/ Культура отмены как социальный феномен в медиа**

In our study, we consider the concept of cancel culture. This term represents a form of boycotting or shunning involving an individual (often a celebrity) who has acted in a controversial manner. The phrase *cancel culture* has gained popularity since late 2019, most often as a recognition that society will exact accountability for offensive conduct. In our study, we illustrate how cancel culture is practiced in Western media, and how it has negatively influenced the reputation institution. This problem is deeper than it may seem, since it is a change in the whole cultural paradigm. Cancel culture influences different aspects of social life.

Консультант по английскому языку: Поцыбина Елена Павловна

**6. Babkina Ekaterina/ Бабкина Екатерина**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Refugees from Afghanistan as a social phenomenon/ Беженцы из Афганистана как социальное явление**

One of the urgent and global problems in modern society is the issue of refugees. Due to military conflicts, revolutionary upheavals and some other devastating phenomena, the number of refugees is dramatically growing worldwide. In my research, I address this problem by reviewing current events in Afghanistan. As the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (INHCR) estimates, at least 550,000 Afghans have been internally displaced as a result of conflict and insecurity this year. Local residents, due to military operations, are forced to leave their homes. In my research, I analyze the current situation with refugees in Afghanistan. My aim is to describe the causes that have led to this refugee movement. I have drawn up a chart reflecting the dynamics of the number of refugees from Afghanistan. The collected data is very illustrative as it represents the results of my research.

Консультант по английскому языку: Поцыбина Елена Павловна

**7. Efremova Alina, Kovaleva Ekaterina/ Ефремова Алина и Ковалёва Екатерина**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The impact of social media on teenagers/ Влияние социальных сетей на подростков**

Teenagers are known to be very smart consumers of media messages. Media influence adolescents deliberately and directly. Social media can affect teenagers in both positive and negative ways. Social media can provide teenagers with valuable support, especially helping those who experience exclusion or have disabilities or chronic illnesses. At the same time, media messages can have a negative or unhealthy influence on teenage behavior and attitudes in certain areas, including body, image, health and citizenship. Social media can also negatively affect teenagers, for example, distracting them, disrupting their sleep, and exposing them to bullying, rumor spreading, and peer pressure. In our research, we consider the ways in which parents can minimize technologyrisks to their children and what steps they should take to encourage responsible use of social media by their teenagers to limit some of its negative effects.

Консультант по английскому языку: Поцыбина Елена Павловна

**8. Yanchenko Anastasia, Neradovskaya Inna/ Янченко Анастасия, Нерадовская Инна**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Environmental problems in the UK: a sociological analysis/ Экологические проблемы Великобритании: социологический анализ**

The United Kingdom, which consists of four parts: England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland, is home to more than 66.5 million people living on almost 95,000 square miles. The UK is widely credited with starting the worldwide Industrial revolution in the 18th century, which brought about devastating changes into society. Industrial production in 18th-century Britain was fueled by raw materials supplied from its various colonies. For centuries, the UK has been a densely populated island nation, and this country’s current environmental problems are the culmination of these years of interaction between the British and their natural environment. These interactions intensified after World War 2, as increasing national wealth and globalization required the production of more goods, services and the infrastructure change. As a result of this increased demand, the UK ecosystem suffers more and more with every coming year. The research is aimed at studying the environmental problems of the UK. We attempt to find solutions to these crucial problems.

Консультант по английскому языку: Поцыбина Елена Павловна

**9. Davydkina Elizaveta/ Давыдкина Елизавета**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Social media addiction: the reality of the virtual world/ Зависимость от социальных сетей: правда виртуальной жизни**

Nowadays, the problem of social media addiction is becoming more popular. Numerous people from different cities and countries use social networks daily, watching videos or stories, scrolling the timeline, typing messages, etc. The study focuses on understanding social networks' influence on people's lives. It aims to find the reasons for that addiction, provide possible solutions to the core issues, and come up with the idea of turning social media into good account.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**10. Dudarev Ilya/ Дударев Илья**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Artificial intelligence and society: a sociological analysis / Социологический анализ взаимосвязи искусственного интеллекта и общества**

The integration of artificial intelligence (AI) into our society in the 21st century is a controversial issue. Some people believe that AI is inevitable, while sceptics are convinced of its danger. The humanitarian aspect of the topic is essential from numerous perspectives: social, political, environmental, etc. The study aims to analyze possible consequences of the rapid spread of modern technologies. The research also provides statistical data and shows the advantages and disadvantages of cutting-edge technologies, considering their influence on social life.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**11. Parshina Liudmila/ Паршина Людмила**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Global threats to the development of civilization in the 21st century / Глобальные угрозы развитию цивилизации в XXI веке**

The study attempts to analyze the structure and the content of global threats to the development of civilization. The origin of many problems is the destructive technogenic activity of a person, caused by the consumer orientation of their consciousness. This activity can lead to the self-destruction of humanity as a biological species in the near future. The study considers the paradigm of the further development of society.

Консультант по английскому языку: Хачатрян Гаяне Самвеловна

**12. Belova Julia, Volkova Kristina / Белова Юлия, Волкова Кристина**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Demographic aging of the population and its possible consequences / Проблема демографического старения населения и ее возможные последствия**

Population aging is a relatively new phenomenon, but it is already arousing great interest among demographers. It began immediately after the demographic revolution and continues to develop at an incredible pace to the present moment. Population aging causes radical changes in the demographic and social structure of society, in the systems of production, distribution and consumption. Ultimately, this problem affects the position of all social groups and strata. Nowadays, it is important to trace the dynamics of demographic changes. In this study, we analyze the possible consequences and carry out demographic research.

Консультант по английскому языку: Поцыбина Елена Павловна

**13. Khromova Darya, Ishbaeva Alina/ Хромова Дарья, Ишбаева Алина**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**Environmental pollution in developing countries: a sociological analysis / Загрязнение окружающей среды в развивающихся странах: социологический анализ**

The industrialization of the developing world remains a source of uncontrolled environmental pollution, as WEF experts say. If on a global scale this problem is in sixth place in importance, then for Asia this challenge is one of the three most serious. China became the main source of greenhouse gas in 2005 and continues to be, followed by the United States and the European Union, according to the World Resources Institute. Brazil and India come next on the list of the largest pollutants. While the main responsibility for reducing emissions lies with the developing countries themselves, the developed economies might have to take on a responsibility to overcome this problem. On the one hand, they could invest in the creation of new technologies with a low level of hydrocarbon use, on the other, provide developing countries with financing that will ensure the transition to greener energy sources.

Консультант по английскому языку: Поцыбина Елена Павловна

**14. Kanevskaya Sonya/ Каневская Соня**

Faculty of Sociology/ Социологический факультет

**The future of alternative energy sources: sociological forecasting/ Будущее альтернативных источников энергии: социологическое прогнозирование**

In this study, we address one of the most important global problems, the problem of the clean energy future. It is no secret that nowadays it is necessary to search for alternative energy sources. There are already various types of alternative energy sources, such as solar energy, wind energy, geothermal energy, and so on. Thermoacoustics is one of the possible directions for the development of alternative energy. In this study, we turn to a less popular source of alternative energy, such as a thermoacoustic engine. Our research is aimed at analyzing the advantages and disadvantages of this source. As a result, some conclusions are made about the usefulness of thermoacoustic engines.

Консультант по английскому языку: Поцыбина Елена Павловна

**15. Kroshkina Maria/ Крошкина Мария**

Выпускница социологического факультета (приглашённый докладчик)

**Sociocultural changes of socialization processes in modern society: projective research methods/ Социокультурные изменения процессов социализации в современном обществе: проективные методы исследования**

The socialization process is understood as the evolution of a child’s needs in accordance with the expectations of a significant social object. In 2020 a sociological research aimed at studying the process of socialization was conducted. 30 primary school teachers were interviewed, 60 schoolchildren were studied by projective method. 24 women and 6 men aged from 30 to 56 years took part in the interview. This sociological study allows to analyze the main features of the socialization process in modern society.

Консультант по английскому языку: Рассошенко Жаннетта Викторовна

ФИЛОСОФСКИЙ ФАКУЛЬТЕТ

**Секция 1**

**08 ноября 2021, понедельник 09.00-10.30**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Яровой Игорь**

**1. Alikina Evgeniya/ Аликина Евгения**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The importance of issues raised in Dante’s Divine Comedy today/ Актуальность проблем, поднятых Данте в «Божественной комедии» сегодня**

Dante Alighieri is one of the most known Italian poets, who lived in the 13-14th centuries and forever remains in history as the author of the "Divine Comedy". This work is widely considered to be the most important poem of the Middle Ages and the greatest literary work in the Italian language. Like any genius, Dante raises such universal issues as life and death, love and hatred, freedom and order. The moral and psychological issues Dante touches upon in his masterpiece are not outdated and are strong enough to thrill the modern reader.

Консультант по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна

**2. Bartnovskaya Marta/ Бартновская Марта**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**An inconspicuous detail as a key to understanding the content of Lars Von Trier’s films/ Незаметная деталь как ключ к пониманию содержания фильмов Триера**

A feature film is considered to be an alternative reality. Usually we do not think how it was created. We do not notice details but see a whole picture. Lars Von Trier is a unique director who suggested a new way to make realistic films. Details are extremely important for him although they are not noticed by viewers, but in fact they create features for believing in the plot of a film. The study tries to demonstrate why this strange concept works.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**3. Butov Andrei/ Бутов Андрей**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Contemporary academic music: an attempt to define its criteria/ Современная академическая музыка: попытка определения критериев**

At the moment, there are many trends in music, many of which are intertwined with each other. This creates a blurring of boundaries between styles. A similar problem is typical of academic music, which, thanks to the introduction of new techniques, forms and instruments, is a highly complex phenomenon. When people talk about academic or, in other words, classical music, they often mean completely different things. The study tries to analyze different views about the criteria of classical music, the information available about it and provides a framework with which we can form an idea of how academic music should be defined.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**4. Denisova Anastasiya/ Денисова Анастасия**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Types of demons who do good deeds in Japanese graphic novels: a critical analysis/ Виды демонов, совершающих добрые дела в графических романах японских авторов: критический анализ**

Nowadays, the influence of oriental culture is growing. There are many reasons for it, not the least of it is a particular way of presenting moral issues through graphic novels. Undoubtedly, the basis of morality is the idea of good and evil. Moreover, in the mind of an average Western person, especially a religious person, they are associated with angels and demons, with the latter doing bad things. In Japanese culture we can see another point of view about demons. Of course, most of them try to make people's lives worse, but others do good deeds. They are often the most charismatic characters who help people to reach justified moral decisions. The study gives an explanation for the popularity of this genre around the world providing examples from the most popular graphic novels by Japanese authors.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**5. Dubovitsky Igor/ Дубовицкий Игорь**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Scientism and religion on genetic experiments: a critical analysis/ Сциентизм и религия о генетических экспериментах: критический анализ**

Genetic research and experiments call into question the very concept of a person, with man no longer being a subject, but an object of research and possible material for building something new. Scientism often gives a positive reaction to these perspectives. Science and religion fall apart in discussing issues about further development of genetics, with religion insisting on the uniqueness of man, while for science, man is only an object for experiment. The study tries to consider the positions of different world religions on this issue.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**6. Vydra Anton/ Выдра Антон**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The usage of genetics in the improvement of human’s life: moral issues/ Использование генетики для улучшения жизни человека: моральный аспект**

Genetic ethics is the study of the moral and political implications of discoveries in the field of genetics advances in genetic technology. The study discusses moral issues connected with the development of genetics, in particular, germline gene therapy, which involves a process of transferring of DNA into the cells that produce reproductive cells of the body. Another point of discussion deals with acceptability of artificial improvement of human genome, which raises political aspects about the gap between developed countries that can afford such innovations and those countries that cannot.

Консультант по английскому языку: Егорова Елена Геннадьевна

**Секция 2**

**08 ноября 2021, понедельник, 10.45-12.15**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Остапенко Дана**

**1. Agapitov Artyom/ Агапитов Артём**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The evolution of the US Republican Party’s ideology in the 21-st century/ Эволюция идеологии Республиканской партии Соединённых Штатов в 21 веке**

The study aims to provide a survey of recent ideological changes within the US Republican Party. The research tracks the development of the ideology of American conservative establishment from the "compassionate conservatism" of George W. Bush to nationalistic populism of Donald Trump. To date there has been little research about the gradual but irreversible drift of the Republicans to the far-right edge of political spectrum. The study focuses on the impact of mass political movements like the Tea Party movement or the alt-right on the ideology of conservative think tanks and politicians. The main point is to demonstrate the failure of moderate Republicans to stop the populist takeover of the party which occurred during the presidential campaign of 2016.

Консультант по английскому языку: Шмараева Анастасия Александровна

**2. Varaksina Varvara/ Вараксина Варвара**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The philosophy of death: an ethical perspective/ Этические аспекты философии смерти**

The problem of death has always been significant in ethics. It has disturbed us all our lives since we realized death is part of us. People never know the date of their death, how much time they have. The study is drawn on the works of Plato, Spinoza and Berdyaev who considered this issue from ethical point of view. It is these classical works that provide a sound foundation for everybody to get hold on and avoid the fear of death. The main emphasis is laid on Plato’s immortality of the soul and Spinoza’ ethics.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**3. Voevodina Mariya/ Воеводина Мария**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Classical and contemporary art: a modern approach/ Классическое и современное искусство: современный подход**

While considering the interaction between classical heritage and contemporary art, many works put an emphasis on the nature of their confrontation or even irreconcilable struggle. The study is based on the work by Bulycheva E.I. *Formation of European civilization: from conflicts to integration* which considers this interaction from historical perspective. Having analyzed the process of formation of European civilization the author comes to a conclusion that it is a process of integration rather than confrontation that has helped to create European civilization. The book gives an explanation to specific features of the interaction of innovations and traditions of classical art in the works of artists of the second half of the 20th - early 21st centuries. It examines some aspects of this interaction, as well as their reflection in art history.

Консультант по английскому языку: Егорова Елена Геннадьевна

**4. Garagulya Sophiya/ Гарагуля Софья**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The use of non-fungible token in arts: current issues and prospects/ Использование уникального токена в искусстве: актуальные вопросы и перспективы**

NFT token (non-fungible token) is a unique digital certificate that is stored in the blockchain, guarantees the originality of the item and gives exclusive rights to it. Non-fungible tokens cannot be imperceptibly substituted, divided, replaced. The system is suitable for securing rights to a unique object - a work of art, real estate, an artifact in a computer game. NFT represents anything digital. It can be an image, a drawing, music, a magazine column, and even a tweet. You may hear about NFT as a part of contemporary digital art, and it might be true. People treat the NFTs purchase as an art collection. The study discusses prospects of using NFT tokens in art by providing convincing examples of contemporary painters whose works were sold for a great deal of money.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**5. Greshnykh Anna/ Грешных Анна**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The concept of "resource" through the paradigm of posthumanism/ Концепт “ресурс” в постгуманистической парадигме**

Posthumanism is an ethical position which states that our moral concern should be widened into the area of actors that are different from humans, such as other species and objects with which we cohabit the world. This study considers the concept of "resource" through the paradigms of humanism and posthumanism and suggests a view that matches an understanding of the resources as something immaterial and infinite with basic ethical principles of posthumanism. The study analyses the discourse of posthumanism and tries to demonstrate that it excludes the utility category from fundamental values, so we as distinct beings are brought back to the supremacy of true liberty of action for joy and wisdom, which is rooted in the pre-humanistic period.

Консультант по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна

**6. Zhukova Arina/ Жукова Арина**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Reflections of traumatic experience of the past in contemporary art/ Отражение травматического опыта прошлого в современном искусстве**

What are trauma studies and how is it reflected inside the art? Artist tries to broadcast to viewer the environment and atmosphere in which consciousness with the traumatic reflection is formed. Historical memory connects with the artist`s personal perception and this combination is reflected in new experimental forms. This study considers the problem of creating works of art through the traumatic experience prism, caused by strong existential worries. The own traumatic experience of artist influences all his subsequent creativity. Therefore, the artist`s worldview is transformed together with the plots, artistic language and expressive means. A strong feeling that opened to artist the limitations of human opportunities forces the creator to raise the question of the meaning of existence in another way. The viewer thinks about it while looking at the artist`s work. Trauma study in art is an aspect of psychoanalytic cultural study. The issue of understanding the trauma category and interpretation of the past traumatic experience becomes a separate sphere of contemporary art.

Консультант по английскому языку: Егорова Елена Геннадьевна

**7. Zayeva Anastasiya/ Заева Анастасия**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The influence of mass media on public consciousness: new methods/ Влияние СМИ на массовое сознание: новые методы**

The problem of media influence on public consciousness is a most urgent issue. The study outlines the main ideas of Manuel Castells’s book *Communication Power,* which gives a deep analyses of relations between communication and power. Power relies on the control of communication. Power relationships are constructed and exercised through the management of communications processes. These power relationships can be altered by social actors aiming for social change by influencing the public mind. The most fundamental form of power lies in the ability to shape the human mind. The author investigates the structure and dynamics of mass communication under the conditions of globalization and digitalization.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**8. Ilyasova Sofia/ Ильясова Софья**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

***The Second Sex* by Simone de Beauvoir: a literary and philosophical analysis/ «Второй пол» Симоны де Бовуар: литературно-философский анализ**

*The Second Sex*, published in 1949, is one of Simone de Beauvoir’s most famous and most shocking works, during its time. *The Second Sex* presents Simone de Beauvoir’s historical account of women’s disadvantaged position in society. The text explains current theories that de Beauvoir disputes, summarizes her account of women’s place in history, and provides alternatives for how women should be treated. The work contains two volumes: one on “Facts and Myths” that de Beauvoir attempts to deconstruct, and the second on “Lived Experience,” in which she explains her own take on how women actually experience sexism day to day. In *The Second Sex*, Simone de Beauvoir explains, how each female creates and re-creates her “essence” through her own choices and actions. The study provides a short analysis of the main issues of this book and its effect on feminism.

Консультант по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна

**Секция 3**

**08 ноября 2021, понедельник, 12.30-14.00**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Лисицина Параскева**

**1. Denilkhanova Eva/ Денильханова Эва**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Modern education in socio-cultural dynamics/ Современное образование в социокультурной динамике**

Modern society is characterized by an increased dynamism. The conditions of life and the values ​​of various social groups are changing. Their rapid change is the main distinguishing feature of modern socio-cultural state. One of the most important spheres of life for the society is education, which is constantly undergoing changes. In the process of education a person becomes socialized and acquires cultural values. The coronavirus pandemic has become a turning point both in the life of society and in education today. It generated a new look at the system of education. Thanks to the development of science and technology, it has become possible to receive education remotely. This research briefly considers the dynamics of education before the pandemic, during the pandemic, and tries to predict changes that await education in the future.

Консультант по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна

**2. Pashina Anastasiya/ Пашина Анастасия**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Color revolutions as a new phenomenon of political transformation: a political analysis/ Цветные революции как новый феномен политической трансформации: политический анализ**

The beginning of the XXI century revealed a new phenomenon in political transformation: "color revolutions", which gave rise to a change of political elites in a number of countries of the world. The main result was a change in the geopolitical orientation and foreign policy strategy of respective states towards integration into NATO and the European Union. The study explains the difference between a "color" revolution and a classical one. A classification of color revolutions is presented with an assessment of consequences. The larger part of the study is concerned with identifying steps to prevent color revolutions. Political practice today convincingly testifies to the fact that it is possible and necessary to resist the technologies of color revolutions and “controlled chaos”.

Консультант по английскому языку: Бережных Елена Юрьевна

**3. Kirilenko Sofiya/ Кириленко София**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The performative turn in contemporary philosophy/ Перформативный поворот в современной философии**

The notion of turn emerged in philosophy only in the 20th century. Without doubt, the most famous turn is a linguistic one. However, scholars identify some other changes, for instance, an ontological, pragmatic or postcolonial. In comparison to other turns, the performative one is heterogeneous. We can trace at least two of its constitutive lines. The first line is an investigation of linguistic performativity within speech-act theory (J.Austin, J.Searle), grammatology (J. Derrida) and gender theory (J. Butler). The second line is an analysis of social life in terms of performances (E. Goffman), social performances (J. Alexander), social roles (G. Mead), [techniques of the body (M. Mauss). Along with these theoretical conceptualizations, we find a practice of making performances which may be considered as a part of historical background, as the cause or as the effect of the performative turn.](https://monoskop.org/images/c/c4/Mauss_Marcel_1935_1973_Techniques_of_the_Body.pdf) The study aims to present a periodization of performative turn and an analysis of its roots, conceptual borders and main problems.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**4. Durynina Lubov/ Дурынина Любовь**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Contemporary Russian and European theatre as a part of social and political process/ Современный российский и европейский театр в социальном и политическом контексте**

According to the open sources in the English media space, the term “political theatre” is used for describing at least four different subjects. Firstly, political theatre may refer to political drama; a theatrical genre includes actual political context, social problems and links to the real dates, names and types of political actions. It can also reflect the author's political opinion. Also, political theatre also known as ‘Guerrilla theatre’, is a type of political protest with a theatrical quality, and a Political stunt, a type of publicity stunt intended to sway public opinion on a political issue. In this study we mostly rely on the first meaning, but also come through the other three points. The study also leans on such terms and phenomena as a Russian New Drama and “In-Year-Face Theatre” as an example of the combination of art and political gesture.

Консультант по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна

**Секция 4**

**08 ноября 2021, понедельник, 15.00-16.30**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Кипиани Дарья**

**1. Glinskaya Elena/ Глинская Елена**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Short films as a type of advertising/ Короткометражные фильмы как вид рекламы**

The question that the paper raises is as following: can short advertising films replace classic commercials. The importance of this problem lies in the fact that in modern advertising the popularity of short films is increasing. The hypothesis is that short-term films are becoming a trend in brand advertising. Our objective is to investigate the advantages of using this type of advertising and compare them with classic commercials. The approach used here is based on a sociological survey and data analysis, which allow the researchers to find out which type of advertising is more popular and effective.

Консультант по английскому языку: Моргун Наталья Леонидовна

**2. Gorokhova Victoriya/ Горохова Виктория**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The change in the perception of cinema: a historical analysis/ Изменение восприятия кино: исторический анализ**

Cinema develops rapidly. If you take a look back, you will see that the technology of making moving pictures has made a huge leap. The perception of cinema has changed too. People watch silent films and modern pictures quite differently. The phenomenon of cinema is that people often prefer modern films to old ones, while other forms of art attract us with their heritage. Based on a sociological survey, the study sets out to give a brief answer to this question.

Консультант по английскому языку: Моргун Наталья Леонидовна

**3. Domnina Darya/ Домнина Дарья**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Digital technologies: socio-psychological consequences of their use/ Цифровые технологии: социально-психологические последствия их использования**

In today’s world there is a widely held belief that utilization of digital technologies has an adverse influence on the communication and emotional condition of people. This position is not unfounded, but the situation is not as clear and evident as it may seem. We presume that the consequences of digitalization of our lives are a controversial phenomenon and have both positive and negative aspects. The aim of the study is to show in which way technologies improve our communication, help in our everyday life. Moreover, we aim at proving that there is no risk of gadgets replacing our usual interaction. To explore this, we will appeal to statistics and people’s opinions.

Консультант по английскому языку: Моргун Наталья Леонидовна

**4. Pchelnikova Sofya/ Пчельникова Софья**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Ways of promoting modern arts/ Способы продвижения современного искусства**

The study tries to identify some ways of promoting modern art. According to statistics, which was made by the Center for Social Design "Platform" in partnership with ARTLIFE Academy, Russians are interested in contemporary art, but have difficulty in understanding it. 43 per cent of people think that contemporary art is incomprehensible. The main purpose of this work is to offer some methods which can make artistic works more intelligible for the audience. Firstly, in this study we try to find out the reasons of misunderstanding modern art. Then, we focus on some ways which can change the public attitude towards contemporary art and can be developed in the foreseeable future. The study is based on statistics and websites of modern art clusters.

Консультант по английскому языку: Моргун Наталья Леонидовна

**5. Reznikova Anna/ Резникова Анна**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Time-management strategy in the formation of students’ individual educational route**/ **Как эффективно использовать время при разработке индивидуальной программы обучения в вузе**

“Among the unknown in the nature around us, the most unknown is time, for no one knows what time is and how to manage it.” This statement of Aristotle has always been important. The study stems from the fact that the vast majority of students do not know how to plan and allocate working hours to perform all their professional duties. Even if they work hard, the full amount of work will not be completed. In these situations, rational organization of time can help. The study gives recommendations for productive work, for beginning of the working day, mid-day rules and best techniques for organizing the working day of a student.

Консультант по английскому языку: Моргун Наталья Леонидовна

**6. Simonova Polina/ Симонова Полина**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The main advantages and disadvantages of early education: a critical analysis/ Основные преимущества и недостатки раннего образования: критический анализ**

The study is based on an example of early education and deals with a nine-year-old girl Alisa Teplyakova, who has entered Moscow State University this year. Alisa finished school ahead of schedule, passed the entrance examination (barely crossed the threshold), passed the exam (also just crossed the threshold) and is now studying at the Faculty of Psychology of Moscow State University. The study discusses positive and negative features of early education providing some advice as to how to deal with such issues.

Консультант по английскому языку: Моргун Наталья Леонидовна

**7. Baranova Vera/ Баранова Вера**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Manifestation of virtual reality and augmented reality in advertising/ Особенности проявления виртуальной и дополненной реальности в рекламе**

Augmented reality (AR) is an interactive experience of a real-world environment where the objects that reside in the real world are enhanced by computer-generated perceptual information. The primary value of augmented reality is the manner in which components of the digital worlds blend into a person’s perception of the real world. The aim of the study is to compare traditional advertising with AR advertising to show that the latter can be much more effective. AR is an ideal tool for implementing viral advertising campaigns, because it creates an emotional connection between the user and the brand. AR is particularly important if a marketing strategy is aimed at building long-term relationships with customers. The study gives vivid examples of such successful advertising campaigns.

Консультант по английскому языку: Бережных Елена Юрьевна

**Секция 5**

**11 ноября 2021, четверг, 09.00-10.30**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Куркина Анастасия**

**1. Gubanov Andrei/ Губанов Андрей**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Ethical aspects of genetic research: a philosophical analysis/ Этические аспекты генетических исследований: философский анализ**

Starting from scratch, genomic research is a thriving field that is developing after the results of the ‘Human genome’ project became available. This includes studying the genes that encode a protein in a particular individual, and finding out if there are any mutations that can determine a person's susceptibility to disease or drug reactions. Ethical problems that arise when using genetic tests are associated with the use of genetic information of great psychological and social significance.

Консультант по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна

**2. Kotova Ekaterina/ Котова Екатерина**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Education in the modern world: an analysis of new challenges/ Образование в современном мире: анализ новых вызовов**

According to UNESCO today the level of literacy is 86.1 per cent. It is the highest index for all human history. This was achieved because the majority of people have an opportunity to study and do it in different ways. Nowadays people besides school and university can take professional training courses and even study online with other people from abroad. However, a lot of countries have serious problems with education. What are these problems and why do they appear? The study highlights the main problems of education and ways to solve them. According to many experts and researchers, the most important problem related to education is the lack of employment prospects. In addition to this, there is the question of the effectiveness of education. And finally, the problem of students' interest in getting an education is no less urgent.

Консультант по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна

**3. Prokudin Vasily/ Прокудин Василий**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**A modern view of Thomas Aquinas’ philosophy: a comparative analysis/ Современный взгляд на философию Фомы Аквинского: сравнительный анализ**

The philosophy of Thomas Aquinas is considered to be one of the most significant part in European cultural heritage. However, this intellectual heritage, which includes philosophical and theological ideas and works, has received different interpretation in the modern world, especially in post-soviet countries. To date there has been little research about how modern philosophers in different countries, which are based on diverse intellectual traditions and philosophical schools estimate Thomas Aquinas`s philosophy. In the presentation only general review of that problem is given. Firstly, a short biographical note and short digest on Thomas Aquinas`s predecessors is considered. Secondly, the study provides important information about his impact on later philosophers, without an analysis of the nature of that impact, because that complicated topic is needed to be analyzed in a specific study. After that different opinions about Thomas Aquinas’s ideas are presented. Last but not least, some areas of future research are suggested. A list of references is provided at the end of the presentation.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**4. Smolnikov Andrei/ Смольников Андрей**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The ethics of genetics: a philosophical view/ Этика генетических исследований: философский взгляд**

The problem of man lies in the heart of the philosophical questions of man’s place and destination in a world that is being discovered and transformed in the name of humanity, the highest of all values. Modern genetics pose many controversial ethical questions. The paper provides a systematic account of prominent modern philosophers’ views on ethical aspects of genetics research, especially those of Francis Fukuyama and Jürgen Habermas, and highlights some of the pros and cons of the usage of genetics in improving people’s life. The paper deals with the issues of genetics enhancement and altering human’s DNA and the way these technologies may question the notion of universal human dignity.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**5. Yarovoi Igor/ Яровой Игорь**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**An idea of the meaning of life** **in the story *The dream of a funny* *man*/ Идея смысла жизни в рассказе «Сон смешного человека»**

F.M. Dostoevsky is mostly known for his outstanding novels like “Idiot” and “Crime and Punishment”. “The Dream of a Funny Man” is a shorts tory, written in 1877, and enjoyed less critical attention than the former ones. We believe that this narrative is worth considering as it contains deep psychological and philosophical views about the meaning and aim of human life.

Консультант по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна

**Секция 6**

**11 ноября 2021, четверг, 10.45-12.15**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Вараксина Варвара**

**1. Klychnikova Anastasiya/ Клычникова Анастасия**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The role of a philosopher in tackling environmental issues/ Роль философа в решении экологических проблем**

The people of the 21st century equipped with modern technology have command over the living world. We often forget that only in balance with nature can a happy and harmonious life be fulfilled. At present time mankind is facing huge environmental problems all over the world. Both politicians and economists are taking steps to improve the situation. The study puts emphasis on the role of philosophers in dealing with those urgent and challenging issues thrown down by nature.

Консультант по английскому языку: Егорова Елена Геннадьевна

**2. Korotaev Andrei/ Коротаев Андрей**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Problems the translator faces when conveying a sociocultural flavor of the source language: a study of movies and songs/ Проблемы перевода социокультурных реалий оригинала в фильмах и песнях**

The main aim of this study is to compare different ways of entertaining content translation and analyze advantages and disadvantages of each. In particular, we are going to distinguish such types of this content as movies and songs. Although they differ much in their means of creation, both of those genres bear some message and draw upon words and sentences. (I take into account the songs which melody and lyrics are worth considering). The study highlights the successful examples of translation which manage to convey the original peculiarity of the content and language of the source.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**3. Larin Semyon/ Ларин Семён**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The anthropological aspect in the philosophy of Merab Mamardashvili and Michelle Foucault: a comparative analysis/ Антропологический аспект в философии Мераба Мамардашвили и Мишеля Фуко: сравнительный анализ**

An ancient maxim tells us that the proper study of man is man. The problem of man is an eternal and at the same time the most urgent of all problems. It is not accidental that two outstanding philosophers try to consider it in their own way. The research tries to give a comparative analysis of the philosophy of Merab Mamardashvili and Michelle Foucault in their anthropological aspects. The main part of research deals with humanistic concepts of Mamardashvili and an attempt is made to compare this concept with that of Michelle Foucault’s. Mamardashvili once said: «A human being is an effort to be a human being». It is this thought that runs through many of his books. Basically, it means that a human being is only a possibility and he exists only as far as he wants to exist. The main goal of social development is the formation of human abilities and the creation of the most favorable conditions for human self-expression.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**4. Ostapenko Dana/ Остапенко Дана**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The research in geography of religion: controversy of approaches/ Изучение географии религии: полемика подходов**

The present study draws primarily on the work of Kim Knott, a British religious scholar. Her ideas and those of Lily Kong were set out in the article “The spatial turn in research on religion”. Her study focuses primarily on two trends on the study of religion by geographers, anthropologists, sociologists, historians, and religious studies scholars. One approach deals with phenomenological issues relating to the historical importance of the place and the sacred. The other approach is concerned with politics, religion, and the contestation of space. In the research a great emphasis is laid on the trend dealing directly with geography rather than just phenomenological and the other social constructivist approaches. There is hardly another discipline that penetrates to the sphere of human existence as deeply as the geography of religion. Researching geography of religion is bringing together scholars from a variety of disciplines. Not only does it deal with traditional areas such as sacred space and pilgrimage, but with the new ones such as embodiment, gender, practice and religious-secular engagements.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**5. Sokur Evgeny/ Сокур Евгений**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Mass migration to Europe as a consequence of Western countries’ policy/ Массовая миграция в Европу как следствие политики Западных стран**

Immigration to Europe has a long history, but increased substantially in the late 20th century. Western European countries, especially, have seen high growth in immigration recently. In contemporary state of globalization, migration to Europe has accelerated in speed and scale. Over the last decades, there has been an increase in negative attitudes towards immigration, and many studies have emphasized marked differences in the strength of anti-immigrant attitudes among European countries. One of the most important issues is that contemporary mass migration to Europe is an inevitable historical process. The study makes an attempt to explain why migration occurs mainly from countries in African and in the East. One of the aims of the research is to prove the fact that migration is the result of the policy of intervention of Western countries in the internal affairs of African countries and a number of Eastern countries. The study also offers a peaceful way of solving this problem.

Консультант по английскому языку: Бережных Елена Юрьевна

**6. Shiporenko Yana/ Шипоренко Яна**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Gender stereotypes and their effect on young people/ Влияние гендерных стереотипов на поведение молодежи**

A gender stereotype is a widely held belief or generalization about the behaviours and characteristics attributed to women and men. Females are often portrayed as being emotional, caring and in need of protection. Males are often characterized as being rational, career driven and strong. These assumptions can be negative or seemingly benign. However, all stereotyping can be limiting. Gender stereotypes are complex and originate from local culture and traditions. Children learn what constitutes female and male behavior from their family and friends, the media and institutions including schools and religious bodies. Gender stereotypes can have an adverse effect on all genders, as young people find themselves regularly exposed to messages about how boys and girls should look, behave and play. These socially accepted and often unconscious ideas start to form in infancy. The study discusses the impact of gender stereotypes and how to stop them. Консультант по английскому языку: Егорова Елена Геннадьевна

**7. Shcherbakova Mariya/ Щербакова Мария**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Gamification in school education: an analysis of recent trends/ Новые игровые методы в школьном образовании: анализ современных тенденций**

For the pupils, absorbing the culture of video games, it becomes even more challenging to survive during the learning process at school than for previous generations, not belonging to the digital age. This problem has long been noted by educators; and they, trying to overcome this difficulty, decided to integrate games into the educational process, to make it more attractive and interactive for pupils. The solution was gamification in education. The study identifies some methods of gamification and their benefits for students.

Консультант по английскому языку: Мурза Александра Борисовна

**Секция 7**

**11 ноября, 2021, четверг, 12.30-14.00**

**На платформе Zoom**

**Ведущий: Власенко Ольга**

**1. Avramenko Kira/ Авраменко Кира**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Difficulties in understanding contemporary art: a possible solution/ Почему так трудно понимать современное искусство: возможное решение**

The study tries to focus on difficulties of understanding contemporary art. Many people find it difficult to appreciate new forms or art, the message they convey. People do not often visit many exhibitions and other similar cultural events, even less often we pay attention to "incomprehensible" modern art, considering it tasteless. By providing numerous examples we try to prove that contemporary art is an amazing world of hidden meanings and new forms.

Консультант по английскому языку: Бережных Елена Юрьевна

**2. Kimyonyag / Кимёньяг**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The current state of the self-employed during the pandemic in Korea: a social perspective/ Положение самозанятого населения в Южной Корее в период пандемии: социальный аспект**

The Covid-19 pandemic effected economic development in many countries and South Korea is not an exception. The study focuses on one angle of the problem, namely, the position of self-employed people. The consequences of pandemic have affected this population group the most. The hardest hit are the self-employed and it is not accidental. The places where the virus is most likely to spread are restaurants, gyms, cafes, karaoke rooms, clubs, and arcades. The talk concentrated on the danger of these places that people use a lot. A large percentage of the self-employed work in such places. The study investigates the current situation of the self-employed paying attention to measures that the government takes to improve the situation and to explore future directions for improvement.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович

**3. Kostyuk Elizaveta/ Костюк Елизавета**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Graffiti as a form of art: a shift in public perception/ Граффити как форма искусства: изменение общественного восприятия**

The study is based on the book by Ivor L. Miller “Aerosol Kingdom: Subway Painters in New York City”,which gives a vivid description of first American painters who introduced this kind of art. The book tells about the history of the origin and formation of graffiti as a special form of art. Nowadays street painting has become an integral and important element of contemporary art. The study focuses on changing the meaning of graffiti and the attitude of society towards it.

Консультант по английскому языку: Бережных Елена Юрьевна

**4. Logush Ekaterina, Solovova Mariya / Логуш Екатерина, Соловова Мария**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The decrease and outflow of population in European countries: a comparative analysis/ Сокращение и отток населения в европейских странах: сравнительный анализ**

To date there has been little research about the decrease and outflow of population in European countries. This problem is really urgent nowadays. Europe’s population growth is low. Most of Europe is in a mode of sub-replacement fertility, which means that each new-born generation is becoming less populous than the older one. Nevertheless, most West European countries still have growing populations mainly due to immigration within Europe and from outside Europe and some due to increases in life expectancy and population momentum. The research analyzes causal relationships and deduces certain patterns. Moreover, an attempt is made to predict the further development of events, which concerns the population in European countries. Possible solutions of this problem are also offered.

Консультант по английскому языку: Бережных Елена Юрьевна

**5. Petrenko Sonya/ Петренко Соня**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**The influence of music on advertising/ Влияние музыки на рекламу**

This study is based on some surveys that show that different melodies, chords, or key changes in songs can elicit responses: feelings of happiness and excitement or a sense of sadness or melancholy. This shows how important it is for advertisers to have a clear idea of the emotion they want to evoke in viewers – and the type of music that might create it. The study focuses on topical issues regarding the impact of music on successful advertising. On the basis of a systematic analysis of the material, general conclusions are drawn about the influence and psychology of musical accompaniment for various commercials.

Консультант по английскому языку: Бережных Елена Юрьевна

**6. Kosyakova Anastasiya/ Косякова Анастасия**

Faculty of Philosophy/ Философский факультет

**Professional choice as a form of self-consciousness/ Профессиональный выбор как форма самосознания**

The formation of a person's value structure is the most important factor in professional self-determination and in professional socialization, through which a young person becomes a full member of society in the entirety of social relationships. Awareness of a person's choice in relation to the future profession is one of the indicators of the person's growing up and self-identification. Professional self-awareness includes a person's idea of himself as a member of professional community, the bearer of professional culture, including certain professional norms, rules, traditions inherent in this professional community. These views include the characteristics of a person that determine the success of his activities. These include professionally important qualities which can be individual psychological properties and personality relationships. The study discusses the attitude of different people to their professional choice.

Консультант по английскому языку: Перцев Евгений Михайлович